The Times-Democrat.

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REPLY TO MR. WOLCOTT

England Postpones Action on Silver Till October.

PROCESS TO BE PROLONGED.

Sir Michael Hicks-Beach, Chancellor of the Exchequer, Says It Will Take Time to Correspond With India.

London, Aug. 7.—The British government has informed the American bimetallic commission that it will probably reply to the proposals of the commissioners on behalf of the United States in October.

The commissioners have been awaiting in London since their conference with the cabinet, and desiring to know the exact position of England before opening up negotiations with other governments, they wrote to the cabinet inquiring when they might expect a decision, as they were anxious to arrange their program.

Senator Wolcott received a reply from Sir Michael Hicks-Beach, chancelor of the exchequer, in the course of which the chancellor of the expressed a fear that the British government was not yet in a position to reply to th proposals of thhe envoys of the United States and the French ambassador on the question of an international agreement.

Sir Michael Hicks-Beach said: "It is due both to the importance of the subject and the manner in which it has been brought before the English ministry by the representatives of the two countries that these proposals should be very carefully examined and considered; and this process must be somewhat prolonged, owing to the time necessarily occupied in communicating with the government of India."

The chancellor of the exchequer adds that he cannot say with certainty how long these communications will take, but he hopes the cabinet will be ready to meet theh envoys again early in October.

While this postponement of England's decision delays thhe work, thhe American envoys do not consider it discouraging.

Alien Labor Law Zaforced.

Toronto, Aug. 7.—Canada has begun to take means to enforce the alien labor law against Americans. Commissioner McCreary is here on business in connection with the work on the Crow's Nest pass railway through the Rocky mountains. He informed the Canadian Pacific Railway auhorities that any American laborers engaged for that work would be deported to their own country again. McCreary has instructions from the Canadian government to strictly enforce the new law.

Trying to Dodge the Law.

Duluth, Minn., Aug. 7.—An issue in which a number of large fish companies are said to be interested has been raised here. A vigorous protest has been made by the Booth Packing company against paying the ¼ cent duty on fish imposed by the Dingley bill. The fish in question were caught in Canadian waters by Canadian fishermen in the employ of the Booth company.

Sold to an English Syndicate.

New York, Aug. 7.—The boom in gold mining ventures that the Klondyke discoveries has started in this country has apparently spread to England. The latest deal reported in this city is the sale by the Gold Creek Mining company of Nevada of its property to a British syndicate for $15,000,000. The original capital stock of this company was $300,000.

The Rebels Will Dictate.

Montevideo, Uruguay, Aug. 7.—The rebels now in conference with the president as to terms of peace have declared that they are willing to sign a new peace agreement which does not ignore their demands. It is believed that an agreement will be signed this week and that the war will end. Many public meetings to urge peace have been held.

Value of Railroads Increased.

Jefferson City, Mo., Aug. 7. — The state board of equalization has made a raise of over $3,000,000 in the valuation of railroads, bridges and telegraph propery in the state. This was done to meet the demands of the treasury for money. This will add over $75,000 to the state revenue for the next year.

Not All From Alaska.

San Francisco, Aug. 7.—Speaking of the Klondyke output of gold the chief clerk of the mint said: "All the gold brought to this city from the Alaskan mines will not exceed $800,000, and all that has been taken this year and sent to other mints of the country will not exceed $2,000,000."

Captured by the Whisky Trust.

New York, Aug. 7.—The republic of Venezuela has granted a concession giving a substantial monopoly for the establishment of the distilling industry in the republic, which was obtained in the interest of the American Spirits Manufacturing company.

Another Note From Andree.

Paris, Aug. 7.—The Gaulois says that a pigeon bearing instructions regarding Professor Andree's balloon expedition across the north pole has been captured at Gradisca, near Goritz, 22 miles from Trieste, in Austria-Hungary.

Time of the Convention.

New York, Aug. 7.—The Greater New York Republican convention will probably be held on Tuesday, Sept. 28, or five weeks before election day. The Republican leaders are not in favor of a long campaign.

STORY DENIED.

Secretary Sherman Says No Orders Were Given to Establish a Protectorate.

Washington, Aug. 7.—Secretary Sherman returned to the city from a brief rest of two weeks at Amagansett, L. I. He tpears refreshed and improved by his brief respite at the ocean. His face is tanned and he says he feels the absence of that lassitude and fatigue which he felt while in the city. The secretary will get promptly into the harness at the state department.

Secretary Sherman denied the recent statements from San Francisco that Minister Sewell had instructions to establish a protectorate over Hawaii in the event the senate failed to ratify the annexation treaty. When asked what the minister's action would be if some overt act were committed by thhe Japanese, the secretary said in that event Minister Sewell might raise the American flag if he had special instructions to that effect. As to whether Mr. Sewell has such instructions, Secretary Sherman did not say.

Secretary Sherman said that the United States would not guarantee theh carying out of the terms of arbitration between Hawaii and Japan if the decision of the arbitrators were against the former. That was a matter between the countries in interest. If the treaty of annexation on is ratified before the arbitration is concluded then the arbitration failed, the secretary explained. He left the inference that the smatter of Japan's claim against Hawaii might then be a special subject of legislation by congress.

Instructions to Ambassadors.

Washington, Aug. 7.—The state department has sent instructions to the United Sates ambassadors and ministers abroad accredited to countries with which we have trade relations that would be affected by the enactment of the Dingley tariff act, directing them to communicate to the foreign officers in their respective posts the text of the act and to call attention to the sections of the new tariff provide for realiation, reciprocity and similar arrangements. This is done in order that there may be a proper basis for the institution of negotiations looking to the consummation of some of he reciprocal agrements contemplated in the Dingley act.

Will Be Sustained.

Washington, Aug. 7.—Referring to the reported action of he collector of customs at Duluth in levying upon a cargo of fish caught in Canadian waters by Canadian fishermen, Assistant Secretary Howell said that the collector's action, if correctly reported, was specific and clear. In order o be admitted free of duty the fish must have been caught by citizens of he United States. The contention that they should be admitted free because the corporation owning the vessels and the nets was composed of American citizens, was not sufficient.

Gunboats Accepted.

Washington, Aug. 7.—The navy department directed the preliminary acceptance of the gunboats Marietta and Wheeling, built by the Union iron works at San Francisco. There had been some question as to the acceptance of these boats owing to the fact that the machinery was over weight, in which case the contract provided for deductions from the price to be paid. It was hown, however, by an engineer examination, that the additional weight was attributable to changes in plans that benefitted the machinery and added to he speed of the boats, so no deductions were made.

Hunting a Preacher.

Washington, Ind., Aug. 7.—The shooting of the 3-year-old Mamie Standiford by Rev. John Walstein at Concord church is still widely discussed. The report that the little girl had died is erroneous. She is still alive, but in a very critical condition. Walstein's whereabouts are still unknown. It was reported that Walstein had gone to Elnora. The report was true, but where he went from there is unknown.

Ohio Postmasters.

Washington, Aug. 7.—The following Ohio postmasters were appointed: Danville, Knox county, George Shaw, vice C. V. Burris, removed; Farmdale, Trumbull county, H. N. Tracy, vice Edwin Brockett, resigned; Greenwich, Huron county, Alfred Noecker, vice G. W. Snapp, removed; New Alexandria, Jefferson county, B. F. Hanlon, vice J. J. Criswell, removed; Rising Sun, Wood county, E. E. White, vice G. H. Baker, removed; Savannah, Ashland county, S. M. Burns, vice S. W. Henry, removed; Shreve, Wayne county, Peter Housel, vice M. S. Robinson, removed.

Newton Sold.

Norfolk, Va., Aug. 7.—Pitcher Newton has been sold to Manager Hanlon of the Baltimores for $700. Newton will remain with Norfolk until the close of the present season.

THE HAND THAT WILL SETTLE MATTERS THIS FALL.

DECLARED A NUISANCE.

Judge Dissette So Designates Sunday Baseball Games.

Cleveland, Aug. 7.—Judge Dissette decided the demurrer in the baseball case against the club. This is the first tim ethat a decision of any kind by the common pleas court has been squarely against the club. Judge Dissette holds that if the facts claimed by the plaintiff are true then baseball on Sunday is a nuisance. The case to stop baseball will now be heard on its merits.

English Team Defeated.

New York, Aug. 7.—The American tennis cracks established their supremacy on the courts of the St. George Cricket club at Hoboken, N. J. R. D. Wrenn was pitted against H. S. Mahony, G. L. Wrenn, jr., was drawn against H. A. Nisbet and W. A. Larned met with W. A. Eaves. It was the latter contest that captured thhe attention of thhe gallery.

Eaves was finally defeated at 6—4, whichh gave Larned the match.

George Gould's Denial.

New York, Aug. 7.—In a dispatch received here from Mr. George Gould, who is in London, Mr. Gould expresses surprise that his name should in any manner have been connected in the public prints with a mining development company, the prospectus of which has given rise to such statements. Mr. Gould in his message denies emphatically that he, or any member of his family, has anything to do with any mining project of the kind.

Georgia's Revenue Collector.

Atlanta, Aug. 7.—Georgia's colored revenue collector, H. A. Rucker, made his first appointments, naming five deputy collectors, one of whom is a negro and a messenger. All these places come under the civil service regulations and iwth the exception of one deputy, whose name was taken from the eligible list, the appointments made are temporary, awaiting the receipt of a new eligible list from Washington.

Chess Tournament Ended.

Murray Isle, N. Y., Aug. 7.—The New York State Chehss association tournaments were all finished except the cup contest. In the team match, New York vs. Pennsylvania, theh New York team won by a score of 25 1-2 to 23 1-2. In the individual scores, Pillsbury won the first prize, Hodges second, DeVisser and Kemeny divided third and fourth, Shhipley and Hanham dividing the fifth.

Deaf Mute Girl Outraged.

Barbourville, Ky., Aug. 7.—Jack Williams was caught in the mountains near Brush Creek and lynched by a mob of enraged men. He and his brother Tom were accused of raping a deaf mute girl named Viny Bays. Tom Williams was forced to marry his victim. He is now in jail here and there are threats of lynching. The crime was a shocking one.

Tim Hurst's Case.

St. Louis, Aug. 7.—Tim Hurst, the league umpire who was arrested for assaulting a Cincinnatian witha beer glass, was released on bond of $500, a writ of habeas corpus, returnable, being issued by Judge Murphy. The bond was signed by ex-Alderman Cronin and Nicholas Griffin. Hurst umpired the Pittsburg-St. Louis game.

Will Not Accept.

Indianapolis, Aug. 7.—A. S. Elbert, the colored physician of this city who has been offered the appointment as consul at Bahia, South America, said that he would not accept. He said: "Since my return from Washington, after consultation with my family, I have decided not to accept he position tendered me as consul at Bahia."

Cordial Reception Promised.

St. Petersburg, Aug 7.—The Russian newspapers are full of eulogistic articles extending a welcome to the Emperor and Empress of ermany, whose approaching visit to his city will be the occasion for a round of festivities. The ships in the harbor of Cronstadt are already gay with decorations.

Arrest of George Prender.

Washington, Aug. 7.—George Prender, supposed to be an agent of the Honduras National Lottery company, was arrested here charged with violating the anti-lottery law. This is the first arrest made under that ordinance in Washington for four years.

Family Race War.

Wilmingon, O., Aug. 7.—A race war broke out in he family of George Bennett, white, who shot his wife, Elizabeth, a pronounced African. Jealousy caused it. Bennett then made a feint of suicide.

Decision Reserved.

New York, Aug. 7.—Judge Walter Lloyd Smith of the supreme court in Brooklyn has reserved decision on the application of James Gamble of this city for an injuncion to restrain the Knickerbocker Trust company of New York from foreclosing a $4,000,000 mortgage on the property of the Edison Illuminating company at St. Louis. Mr. Gamble also asked for an accounting and for the appointment of a receiver for the Edison company. Mr. Gamble sues as a stockholder owning $5,700 stock.

Rev. Chichester May Be Released.

Los Angeles, Aug. 7.—The presbytery of Los Angeles has been called to meet in special session on Friday, Aug. 13, when their recent action in refusing to grant the request of Rev. W. J. Chichester for a disolution of his pastoral relations with Emanuel church will probably be rescinded if there is not too much opposition.

Zimmerman Took First Prize.

Naw York, Aug. 7. — A cablegram received here says that Gus Zimmerman, the rifle shot, again distinguished himself in a shooting match at Frankfort-on-the-Main, Germany, taking the first prize. Zimmerman has won first prize in all important shooting matches in Europe since he has been there.

ON THE DIAMOND.

Winners and Losers In the Great National Game—The Standing.

CLUB	W.	L.	P.C.	CLUB	W.	L.	P.C.
Bost	50	27	.686	Chica	41	48	.460
Balto	54	28	.658	Pitts	39	46	.458
Cin'ti	54	28	.658	Louis	29	50	.428
N. Y.	51	32	.614	Brook	36	48	.428
Cleve	45	41	.523	Wash	31	54	.364
Phila	42	40	.477	St. L	23	60	.258

National League.

AT CHICAGO—									R.	H.	E.
Chicago	1	1	2	1	0	0	1	1	*— 7	11	4
Cleveland	0	0	0	1	0	2	1	1	0— 5	13	4

Batteries—Griffith and Donahue; Wilson and McAllister. Umpire—O'Day.

AT BROOKLYN—									R.	H.	E.
Brooklyn	4	4	0	1	3	0	3	0	* 15	16	2
Washington	0	0	0	0	1	4	0	0	0— 5	9	7

Batteries—Fisher, Grim and Burrell; McJames, German and McGuire. Umpire—Emslie.

AT PHILADELPHIA—									R.	H.	E.
Philadelphia	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	— 2	3	2
New York	2	0	3	0	2	0	1	0	— 9	12	5

Batteries—Fifield and Boyle; Seymour and Wilson. Umpire—Kelley.

AT BOSTON—									R.	H.	E.
Boston	0	0	0	0	0	2	1	3	0— 6	12	2
Baltimore	0	2	2	1	0	0	0	0	— 5	10	2

Batteries—Klobedanz and Bergen; Pond, Naps and Clark. Umpire—Lynch.

AT ST. LOUIS—										R.	H.	E.
St. Louis	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0—	4	12	2
Pitsb'g	1	0	0	0	1	2	0	0	0—	5	18	3

Batteries—Donahue and Douglas; Hawley and Merritt. Umpire—Hurst.

Western League.

CLUB	W.	L.	P.C.	CLUB	W.	L.	P.C.
Indis	60	27	.690	Detroit	48	46	.510
Colum	56	30	.651	G. Rap	29	60	.325
Mil	60	35	.631	Minne	30	63	.322
St. P	56	37	.602	K. C	26	67	.279

At Indianapolis—Indianapolis, 6; Milwaukee, 2.

At Grand Rapids—Grand Rapids, 2; St. Paul, 4.

At Detroit—Detroit, 17; Kansas City, 5.

Interstate League.

CLUB	W.	L.	P.C.	CLUB	W.	L.	P.C.
Toledo	60	29	.674	Youngs	43	39	.527
Newcas	55	31	.640	Mans	35	55	.428
Dayton	53	37	.589	Spring	28	55	.337
Fort W	47	42	.530	Wheel	26	62	2.09

At Mansfield—Mansfield, 13; Wheeling, 10.

At Youngstown—Youngstown, 13; Newcastle, 3.

At Fort Wayne—Fort Wayne, 8; Toledo, 7.

Turf Winners.

At Columbus, O.—John Durrett, Joe Patchen, Tuna, Courier Journal.

At Saratoga—The Huguenot, Rubicon, Ben Ronald, Bell Holliday, La Ventura.

At St. Louis—Blackingg Brush, Gold Hand, Consuelia, Charm, Verify, Majorie.

At Cincinnati—Arcturus, La Wanda, Letcher, Ondaggue, Clare Van.

At Chicago—Martha Borden, Evanarus, Pinkerat, Martin K, Easter Eve.

The Weather.

For West Virginia and Ohio—Fair; slowly rising temperature; light northeast to east winds.

For Indiana—Generally fair; warmer; southeasterly winds.

A BIG CROWD.

Fifteen Thousand Spectators Witness the Bicycle Races.

Philadelphia, Aug 7.—The opening race meet of the eighteenth annual meet of the League of American Wheelmen was held at Willow Grove park, 14 miles from this city, before 15,000 spectators. It was the most successful in the history of the organization, in attedance, enthusiasm and good racing.

Several state records were smashed and Arthur Gardiner, the Chicago crack, came within two-fifths of a second of breaking Hamilton's world's record for one mile paced. He succeeded in lowering the fast mile made by "Johnny" Johnson at Chicago last year by four-fifths of a second.

Gardiner was paced by two quads, one loaded with Wenzel, the Turville boys, and Coburn, and the other with W. E. Becker, W. L. Becker, Crocks, and Steenson. He crossed the line like a flash and the time was caught beautifully. He never ceased his pace until the finish, made in 1:39 3-5, breaking the state record of 1:45 3-5, held by Earl Kiser.

Starbuck also took a trial at the record, paced by a quad and a triplet. For the first half he made very fast time, but lost behind the triplet. His time was 1:44 3-5, also breaking Kiser's record.

The day was perefect for racing and the sun was not long up before hundreds of cyclists were pedaling along the historic and picturesque York road toward Willow Grove, and even reat number s were taxing the railroad trains an dtrolley cars to their utmost.

Notwithstanding many of the visiting wheelmen did not get away from the all night smoker at the National headquartere until nearly daylight, most of them were astir early.

There were early morninggr runs to League Island navy yard at the lower end of Broad street, Philadelphia. When the head of the line reached Old York road, four miles from headquarters, there were many who had not mounted their wheels.

At the track all was bustle among who was hurt on Wednesday, was unable to ride. The track was especotily constructed for the meet. It is of wood entirely surrounded by sets wita capacity of 25,000.

The trials began promptly at 9 a. m. At 3 p. m the track was cleared and racing began, continuing until 6 p. m., without the slightest hitch. During the entire day here bu wo of three and nobody was hurt by these.

At nigght Willow park was given to the wheelmen and the visitors saw exhibiions of trick and fancy riding, a display of fireworks and a general good time.

OFF FOR KLONDYKE.

Robert Reading Will Look After Interests of Pacific Coast Capitalists.

New York, Aug. 7.—Robert Readin, superintendent of Edwin Gould's Continental Match company, and a graduate of the Columbia University School of Mines, lefe here for Klondyke via Denver, to take charge of a mining expedition organized to work 20 claims in the richest portion of the gold fields.

The corporation Mr. Reading represents is composed chiefly of Pacific coast capitalists. J. P. Lippman of San Francisco is president. At Denver Mr. Reading will gather, if possible, 200 experienced miners. From Denver Mr. Reading will go direct to Portland, wheare the Elber, a small steamer chartered for the purpose, will be waiting for the party.

The steamer will take the miners to St. Michaels, Alaska.

Addressed by Governor Tanner.

Springfield, Ills., Aug. 7.—At the session of the state miners' convention a resolution to invite Governor Tanner to address the convention brought forth much talk unfavorable to the governor. State Secretary Ryan of Braidwood and Vice President B. M. Hunter of Streator emphatically refused to act on a committee of three to wait on Governor Tamer and invite him to address the convention. The governor, however, was invited and delivered an address.

Frozen to Death In Alaska.

Seattle, Wash., Aug. 7. — News has just reached here of the death last April of Charles A. Blackstone, George Botcher and J. W. Matinque, miners who went to Alaska in 1896, and were frozen to death in trying to make their way back to Seattle. Friends from this city who went to Alaska to investigate found Blackstone's body, but no trace of the other two could be found. A statement was found on Blackstone's body to the effect that his comrades froze to death.

Mr. Foster's Return.

New York, Aug. 7.—Hon. John W. Foster, the commissioner sent by President McKinley to England to confer with Lord Salisbury relative to the Bering sea matter, arrived here on the steamer St. Louis. He was accompanied by Mrs. Foster. He declined to talk about the Bering sea matter.

Owned by the Prince.

Cowes, Eng., Aug. 7.—The Britannia having won the Meteor shield twice, that trophy now becomes the property of the Prince of Wales.

Vacancy on the Ticket.

Columbus, O., Aug. 7.—Frank R. Dean of Pickaway county has withdrawn as senatorial aspirant on the Republican ticket.

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The White Whale's Tail.

Looking at the white whale at the aquarium a person not familiar with water animals might be mildly astonished to see that creature lean outward when swimming around in a circle, instead of inward. Seeking the cause of this, the observer unfamiliar with whales would discover that the whale's tail is set not in a vertical plane as is the case of fishes, but in a horizontal plane.

Set horizontally instead of vertically, the whale's tail is of the very greatest assistance to it in diving, and especially in rising promptly to the surface, which it is necessary for it to do at intervals to fill its lungs with air.

Going over again to the wall tanks, the observer may note again, and this time with a new interest, that all the fishes there have tails up and down, in line with the body, in a vertical plane, and he learns upon inquiry that all fishes have tails in a vertical plane, and that all aquatic mammals, of which the whale is one, have tails set exactly the other way, in a horizontal plane.—New York Sun.

Salvation Army Marriages.

In speaking of the Salvation Army marriage bureau which he recently established General Booth says: "I would that we had some such arrangement for every soldier in our ranks. Beyond question it will come to that. Indeed I shall not be surprised to find myself looking down from heaven in future years and seeing the whole business of the selection of partners for marriage intrusted to councils of the wisest, most experienced and spiritual of our officers, who will arrange not only who each officer and soldier shall marry, but the time of the event, and, in certain cases, whether they shall marry at all, instead of the business being left to the haphazard, accidental, irrational system—or no system at all—of individual choice as at present."

It Takes Wings.

I knew Daniel Drew when he had $19,000,000, and he died in debt. I knew a gentleman who at one time had $3,000,000 in the bank who is now earning about $1,200 a year. The $3,000,000 was in cash, in addition to his investments of various kinds. There are a dozen men in New York who ask me for occasional loans of from 50 cents to $5 who, when I first came to New York, were among the rich men of the town. —Chauncey M. Depew.

Out of 250,000 men who joined the Russian army last year more than 200,000 were unable to read or write.

Blunt Palmerston.

While Mr. Layard was British minister at Constantinople a stock broker who had been concerned in the issue of a Turkish loan called on Lord Palmerston.

"Let me see," said "Old Pam.," "you are the M—— who helped Layard to make so much money out of the Turkish loan."

"My lord," said the stock broker, "I give you my word as a man of honor and a gentleman that Mr. Layard never made a penny out of the loan."

"Sorry to hear it," said the genial "Pam." "His connection with the loan injured his reputation, so I hoped at least he had made money by it."—New York Tribune.

Pensions For Teachers.

Public school teachers in San Francisco are required by a state law to join a pension association. Each pays $1 a month into the treasury and will be allowed to retire after 30 years' service with an annuity of $600 a year.

URY OF CURES

THE RECORD OF

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KEELEY NOT FIRST.

A CURE FOR DRUNKENNESS REPORTED FROM THE LONG AGO

The Remarkable Effect of the "Indian Doctor's" Simple Remedies—How the "Medicine" Cured Jim Robinson Without Asking the "Doctor."

It was about the medicated whisky cure which we proposed to speak. To Dr. Keeley, who, living down at Dwight, is almost a neighbor, credit is generally given for being the first person who employed the pharmacopœia for the purpose of killing a drunkard's appetite. But Dr. Keeley is by no means entitled to this credit. The first physician whose medicine ever cured a drinking man of his thirst was a long haired, spectacled old mountaineer who called himself "the Injun doctor," and who operated down in the neighborhood of Belpre, O.

The doctor did not tell the secret of his medicament, but three or four boys who lived near the farmhouse where he boarded had an inkling, because the boys had the contract for catching the toads for which the doctor paid them 10 cents a dozen.

While the doctor's abode has been spoken of as a farmhouse it was more than that, for, being near a stockyard, where trains "lay over," it was also a boarding house, or tavern, whither the drovers came for entertainment. Among the stockmen whose duties brought them frequently to the yards, and therefore to the farmhouse boarding place, was a man named Joe Robinson, who had drunk whisky all the way from St. Louis to Baltimore, with special reference to Piedmont and the country along the 17 mile grade of the Baltimore and Ohio. Robinson was a firm, vigorous and vigilant drinker, one who allowed no guilty dramshop to escape. He was such a shining light that at least 12 temperance societies were working upon him at once, for it was known that the credit for his reformation would mean much. But he resisted all their entreating efforts.

This brings things up to one May evening. Robinson had arrived at Belpre with seven cars of hogs and a large, commodious and farreaching jag. He took the hogs into the stockyards and the jag to the city of Parkersburg, W. Va., just across the river, for he wanted to trim and ornament it a little before retiring. Now it so occurred that it was a damp night, and Harry Stone and Hughey Drain, the boys who had the contract for supplying hoptoads to the salve making Indian doctor, set out on their own hook and without consultation with their employer to get a flour bag full of toads. They were eminently successful, and at 8 o'clock they appeared at the boarding house with a peck of kicking, piping, shrieking spoil. For good measure they had on this occasion added three belated garter snakes, two lizards and a boot owl. The family was not happy.

Mrs. Bruce directed the boys to carry their burden, of the character of which she had no idea, up to the doctor's room, he being out. The boys did so—or at least they thought they did—but they turned the wrong corner at the head of the stairs and deposited the sack in the room to be occupied by Joe Robinson.

Mr. Robinson came home from Parkersburg about midnight. The evening had been a most successful one. He had found 12 new saloons. He entered the room in the boarding house with the presumption that he was either the czar of Russia or Napoleon Bonaparte, but was not quite sure which. In his doubt he collided with the paper flour bag full of hoptoads and things. There were a few words of wicked derivation, and then, turning up the light, Mr. Robinson looked to see what he had found.

"Who're you, feller?" he inquired, addressing the bag. "Won't answer, hey? Too p'lite to talk to a drover, huh? 'I'll Take that!" And he aimed an unsteady kick at the doctor's ingredients. Then things happened.

An active garter snake left the bag in midair, and, alighting on a picture frame, twisted and squirmed before Mr. Robinson's view. Then the toads began raining around him, and when he felt most surprised and interested the owl came forth and flew at the lamp. The sack fell to the floor and a lizard shot into lengthened view and the rest of the hoptoads leaped out into comparative liberty. Mr. Robinson clambered in fright upon the bed and found himself in the presence of half a dozen of the batrachian invaders which had been flung upon the counterpane by the force of that very vigorous and masterful kick. He crept behind the bureau and, lo! a garter snake dropped therefrom and made for the shelter of the closet. In the middle of the floor there were, he believed, about 8,952 varied kinds of hopping visitors, and with a wailing cry Mr. Robinson crashed through the vortex and made for the door and bolted for the night outside.

The next morning a very pale and unstrung man appeared at the farm boarding house and answered to the name of Joe Robinson. He went up to his apartment and looked about for some signs of the visitation of the night before, but the toads and things, more frightened than he, had escaped by the same door through which he had gone, while the careful hired girl had gathered up the flour bag and burned it. Mr. Robinson sat down and thought for a moment, and then he said, addressing himself to the picture frame from which the snake had dangled, that this was the last time. He had had enough. More would be too much.

And for the remaining 14 years of his travels that way he was the soberest drover known to history.

This, we believe, is really the first time that a doctor's medicines were in their perfected or incipient form successfully used to cure drunkenness.—Chicago Record.

A FAMOUS BAKERY.

How the Bollands Became Cakemakers For the Royal Family.

In one of the old buildings which bear the architectural imprint of Queen Anne's time in Chester, England, is a bakeshop—not an ordinary bakeshop, for the royal arms jut out from the second story, and immediately above is a sign bearing the name "Bolands." And the proximity of the sign to the royal arms is no idle commercial myth to insnare new customers.

In the annals of the tradesfolk of Chester there never was a greater man than Richard Bolland, the original owner of the bakeshop. In 1836 the Duchess of Kent and her young daughter, the Princess Victoria, visited the city for the purpose of officially opening a new bridge that was to bring all kinds of importance and prosperity to the town. Of course it was an immense event for Chester, and every one did something to make the visit of the great folks memorable.

Richard Bolland was ambitious, but poor, and he churned his brains mightily to devise some attractive method of showing his loyal appreciation of the visit. In a happy moment he decided to make some small cakes of transcendent excellence, put them in a fancy box and present them to the young princess.

Happy thought! Potent cakes! Great Bolland!

The next year the little princess, whose palate had been enchanted by the flavor of the Chester cakes, became queen of England, and one of the first acts after her accession in 1837 was the appointment of Bolland as one of the queen's warrant holders. So much for the power of a box of small cakes.

How long the flavor of those cakes lingered in the royal memory is shown by the fact that 25 years later, when the Prince of Wales was to be married, Victoria gave a commission to Bolland to prepare the wedding cake for that great event. It was no ordinary wedding cake that Mr. Bolland produced either, and its exhibition earned him such tremendous fame that every English bride of wealth and prominence who has married since then has had the Chester baker prepare her wedding cake.

Descendants of the original Bolland now conduct the shop, but they use the same recipe that proved so successful in the days of Victoria's childhood, and still bake cakes for the royal family.—Philadelphia Press.

The Leper and the Flagstone.

One of the principal legends connected with St. Patrick's altar stone, according to a writer in Donahoe's Magazine, is called the "Legend of the Leper and the Flagstone." This story runs as follows: When St. Patrick was embarking for Ireland to enter upon his mission, a poor leper came to the seashore just as the ship was about to weigh anchor and earnestly begged to be taken on board. It is probable that he had heard something of the holiness of the saint and the proofs of divine favor conferred upon him, and that deep within his inner consciousness there was born a hope, vague at first, but gradually growing stronger, that in the company of St. Patrick he might expect some amelioration of his pitiable condition. Something in the man appealed to the saint, who was so deeply touched by his pleadings that he expressed a wish to have the despised leper taken on board, but fear and prejudice had such an influence over the sailors that they would not allow the leper on board, and the ship began to move out while the afflicted man continued to plead from the beach. The saint took his altar stone and cast it on the water within reach of the leper, telling him to sit on it and remain perfectly quiet. Again was the faith of the man shown, and as soon as he had seated himself the stone began to move over the water. It followed immediately in the wake of the ship until it reached the harbor of Wicklow, and the leper thus reached the shores of Erin in safety. St. Patrick again took possession of the stone.

They Played Poker.

In the summer of 1840 Henry Clay went to Kentucky on his vacation. Three nights after his arrival at a certain springs a sociable game began. In the game were Mr. Clay, Josiah Blackburn, John Hardin and Sam Clay, a cousin of the statesman. It began on Friday night and ran along with varying luck. They were all old hands and had the nerve to back their cards. At 12 o'clock Saturday night Blackburn quit a little ahead. He had been married only two months and was afraid his young wife would think he was dead. Sunday morning at 9 o'clock some one rapped on the door. It was opened, and a negro girl stood in the hall. She had a clean shirt in her hand, and on the bosom was a note from Hardin's wife, "For Mr. John Hardin, wherever he can be found." The door was closed and play resumed. Hardin changed his linen at the table.—San Francisco Argonaut.

Perverted Judgment.

The cause of a wrong taste is a defect of judgment. And this may arise from a natural weakness of understanding (in whatever the strength of that faculty may consist), or, which is much more commonly the case, it may arise from a want of a proper and well directed exercise, which alone can make it strong and ready. Besides, that ignorance, inattention, prejudice, rashness, levity, obstinacy—in short, all those passions and all those vices which pervert the judgment in other matters, prejudice it no less in this its more refined and elegant province.—Burke.

The Safe Side.

"Slowly tells me he can draw his check for $100,000."

"So he can. He can draw it for $1,000,000,000. But if he owes you as much as 50 cents insist on having the coin."—Detroit Free Press.

Much in Little

It especially true of Hood's Pills, for no medicine ever contained so great curative power in so small space. They are a whole medicine chest, always ready, always efficient, always satisfactory, prevent a cold or fever, cure all liver ills, sick headache, jaundice, constipation, etc. The only Pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

Hood's Pills

Self Reliance.

Fight your own battles, my young friends, for in this way will you rise to the grand conviction that honor is to be preferred to life. The craven hearted never understand this. Their timidity causes them to shrink from exposure to pain, and to them the most sacred of all duties is to take care of their precious persons. If they run behind their mothers' aprons whenever there is danger or whenever it is imagined, and if they put their big brothers perpetually between themselves and assailants they will probably not be too nice on the subject of integrity in future years.

Youth of today, a new century will be yours tomorrow. In a few more years its light, that shall fall on our graves, will shine on your upward and onward path. But if you would be equal to its opportunities and rewards get rid of your timidity now. Arm yourselves with courage and strike down the evils and foes that are ambushed in your souls. Spare not yourselves. See that treason lurks not in the citadel. Then array your resources, the strength of your intellect, the vigor of your will and the unfaltering loyalty of an honest purpose against corruptions, superstition and the debauching of the public intellect. Whatever may be the cost, whatever of immediate sacrifice or of suffering, do your duty, confident that God will defend the right.—Dr. George C. Lorimer.

Practice Economy

In buying medicine as in other matters. It is economy to get Hood's Sarsaparilla because there is more medical value in Hood's Sarsaparilla than in any other. Every bottle of Hood's Sarsaparilla contains 100 doses and will average, taken according to directions, to last a month, while others last but a fortnight.

Hood's Pills are the only pills to take with Hood's Sarsparilla. Easy and yet efficient.

Consumption Cured.

BROUGHT BACK FROM THE GRAVE.

Last November Mr. Joseph James, painter, of 325 W. Pearl St., Indianapolis, Ind., was at death's door with quick consumption. Wasted to a skeleton; his lungs a mass of ulceration; his death was hourly awaited by his doctor and family. He was kept in a constant stupor with opium. A friend, thinking to relieve his terrible cough, gave him a bottle of Brazilian Balm. Seeing its wonderful effect, the doctor advised its continued use. Mr. James soon after dismissed his doctor, and depended on the Balm alone. His recovery was rapid and complete, and in February he returned to work. His lungs are sound, and his weight greater than at any time in his life. His recovery is regarded as almost a miracle.

COMMA BACILLUS.

In consumption beware of cough mixtures and prescriptions that contain opium. Opium paralizes the nerves, and gives the comma bacillus a good chance to destroy the lungs. It is always fatal. Brazilian Balm does not contain a trace of any opiate, but stimulates the nerves with new life and power, destroys the microbe, and restores all that is left of the diseased lungs to a sound and healthy state which no other remedy has ever been known to accomplish.

The Reason Why.

"Your wife doesn't seem to improve in health."

"No. As fast as she gains strength she uses it up telling people what is the matter with her."—Chicago Record.

Loved the Bottle Before He Had Teeth.

At No. 62 Warwick Ave., Zanesville, O., lives Mrs. R. H. Mills, who relates the following experience: "I have used Dr. Hand's Teething Lotion and find it all that it claims to be. Our little boy cut his teeth so hard that he almost had spasms. Bathing his gums with the Lotion would relieve him immediately. He knew the bottle better than all others and would cry for it. I advise every mother who has teething children to use Dr. Hand's Teething Lotion." At all druggists, 25c.

Out of every 1,000 English soldiers 668 belong to the church of England.

Of the natives in India, abo 2,000,000 can now read English.

"I was run over by a lumber wagon. Did not expect to live. Was terribly bloated. My friends bathed me with Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil, and I was cured. We have great faith in Thomas' Eclectric Oil." Mrs. Wm. F. Babcock, Norvell, Jackson Co., Mich.

It is estimated that 130,000,000 oysters are yearly received at Liverpool from abroad.

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

A BAD DOLLAR.

Experiences of a Man Who Got It Innocently, but Wasn't Believed.

A large, red whiskered man, with deep set little eyes, great splay crow's feet round the sockets, a miraculous hat and bushy hair straggling out under the brim like an overtopping load of hay, came puffing into a Wentworth avenue trolley car and in a voice loud enough for the size of his audience told about the troubles he was suffering on account of a counterfeit silver dollar that had been palmed off on him.

First he paid his fare with a solitary nickel. Then he carefully unwrapped the spurious coin from the folds of a big sheet of yellow paper, held it at arm's length and regarded it with one long, famishing look of tender regret. By this time the eyes of the occupants were upon him.

"Looks good enough to pass all right, but she won't," he began.

"Counterfeit?" asked the man who sat at his left, reaching for the coin and examining it critically.

"A little light, I guess. Feels a little greasy too. Still it looks like it would go all right in a contribution box or in a west side saloon. But it's done for now. Its race is run. It'll not fool any more people. You see, it has been marked. They had me up in the secret service office today and marked it."

"Yes, but it's strange they didn't confiscate it. What are you doing with it now?"

"Wait? That's just what I'm going to tell you. This dollar has been more trouble to me than my mother-in law. Now, I'm not going to lose it in the end, after all this trouble. I can't afford to lose a dollar. I know where I got it, and I'm going to get my good dollar back. Understand? I got this queer coin from a grocer out where I live in the stockyards district. I don't suppose he knew he was shoving the queer, but he's got to hand back my good dollar all the same.

"Trouble's no name for it, and I might have been put in jail. My daughter innocently offered to pay for a music lesson with this coin. It was refused and she came home disgraced and bawling. Still, I wouldn't believe it was a counterfeit and allowed my wife to take it to go down town shopping on a bargain day. She came back so mad because the cashier girl had slammed it down before a lot of people to test its ring and then shoved it back with a loud 'Bogus, madam!' that there was weeping and wailing in the house for three days.

"So today, still believing the dollar was good and that these smart people who refused it didn't know it all, I went down town to see what there was in the old piece of money for myself. I went, I saw, but I didn't conquer—in fact, I'm congratulating myself to think I didn't get into jail. You see, it was this way: I had to pay some money due from me at the internal revenue office. I offered this dollar among other money, but the man in the revenue office got onto it right away—rubbed his fingers over it kind of carelessly, and with a smile that would have done credit to a devilfish remarked: 'You're gettin your work down pretty fine, but not quite good enough for Uncle Sam. If you don't mind, you might just step over with me to Captain Porter's office and explain where you got it.'

"This Mr. Smarty politely showed me the way to the secret service office, where I was introduced to an elderly man with white hair. I think they said his name was Porter. Mr. Porter looked at the dollar kind of affectionately and said: 'We've got the mates to this fellow right here in the office, and I guess we'll have to keep it with them. It would be lonesome if we let it go out again.' Then, after asking me a lot of questions, he took some tools and stamped the coin with the figures '2427' and my initials underneath. 'Now, can you swear where you got it?' he said. 'Yes, I can,' I said, 'and I want to take it back there and get my good money. I can't afford to lose a dollar.' Then he said that if I could swear to the man I got it from he would permit me to take it back for that purpose. 'But do not forget,' he added, 'you must return it to me promptly without fail, under penalty, etc. If you don't, it will get you into trouble.' Trouble,' did he say? As if I hadn't had trouble enough already. But I'm not going to lose a dollar. Mr Porter told me he had the tools of the fellow that made it—got them over at Benton Harbor, Mich., the other day. 'But,' he added, 'I haven't yet caught the fellow.'"—Chicago Times-Herald.

Sudden.

He—They say that wedding rings are going out of fashion.

She—Oh, I don't care. If you wish to dispense with the ring, dear, it will make no difference to me. But why didn't you give me some warning of what you were about to say? This is so sudden.

Then he thought of home and mother but it was too late.—Cleveland Leader.

50

REV. J. WESLEY MILLER CURED OF A BAD COUGH

He writes on May 11, 1891: "I have been troubled for years with a cough in the winter seasons AND this last winter had a severe attack of bronchitis which left me worse, if possible, than before, but after taking three 25c boxes of Dr. Kay's Lung Balm have been completely cured. My wife has been troubled with CONSTIPATION FOR 10 OR 12 YEARS and at times has gone as long as eight days without the bowels moving and has had to take medicine constantly, but has never found anything that has done her so much good as

Dr. Kay's Renovator.

She has taken four 25c boxes and while taking it has been regular and has improved in her general health very much, and I take pleasure in recommending Dr. Kay's remedies to those who are afflicted.—J. WESLEY MILLER, Pastor M. E. Church, Grandview, Ill." Dr Kay's Renovator has cured so many of the worst cases of DYSPEPSIA that we consider it a specific for this disease and for proof we refer all to the testimonials of wonderful cures reported in our book. It has cured many bad cases of HEADACHE, and when caused by constipation or dyspepsia, it is sure to cure every case, in fact, we believe it has no equal for headache from whatever cause. It always cures BILIOUSNESS and all forms of liver and kidney complaints, nervousness, neuralgia, impure blood, scrofula, skin diseases, pimples, boils, blotches, glandular enlargements, dropsy, RHEUMATISM and piles. It is sold by druggists or sent by mail at 25c and $1. Send stamp for Dr B. J. Kay's "Home Treatment and Valuable Recipes," a 32 page book treating all diseases. Address Dr. B. J. Kay Medical Co., Western Office, Omaha, Nebraska.

SOLD BY DRUGGIST

THE HARLEY PHARMACY, LIMA, OHIO.

Brazilian Balm

THE GREAT SOUTH AMERICAN REMEDY

...CURES...

Coughs, Colds, Croup & Grippe

LIKE MAGIC.

RADICALLY CURES

CATARRH!

It clears the head of foul mucous; heals the sores and ulcers of the head and throat; sweetens the breath, and perfectly restores the senses of the taste, smell and hearing. Stops headache and dropping into the throat. Also destroys the germ which causes

HAY FEVER,

making a perfect cure in a few days. Never fails! No fatal case of LA GRIPPE ever known where Brazilian Balm was faithfully used. It destroys the grippe germ and quickly removes all the after bad effect.

INFALLIBLE in ASTHMA, CROUP, BRONCHITIS, PLEURISY, PNEUMONIA, DYSPEPSIA, RHEUMATISM, TYPHOID and SCARLET FEVER, MEASLES, and any disease where there is Inflammation, Fever or Congestion. Greatest relief in Consumption ever discovered.

Cures a Fresh Cold in one day. Stops earache in 2 minutes. Stops ringing in the head and relieves deafness. As an injection invaluable in female troubles. For outward use heals Cuts, Sores and Burns like magic. Prevents lock-jaw from wounds. QUICK CURE FOR CONSTIPATION AND PILES.

Its Healing Power is Almost Miraculous. The Best Family Medicine in Existence.

50 Cent Bottle contains 100 Doses, or Two Weeks Treatment for Catarrh.

$1.00 BOTTLE EQUALS THREE 50c. BOTTLES.

HOME TESTIMONIALS:

"Brazilian Balm cured me of inveterate catarrh which I had for over 20 years. It is the most wonderful triumph of medical science."—*Gen. J. Parke Postles.* "In croup, cold and the worst form of gripp we have found Brazilian Balm invaluable."—*Jno. W. S. Booths, D. D., Pastor Del. Ave. Bap. Ch.* "Mrs. Lore has used the Brazilian Balm and thinks it did her much good."—*Hon. Chas. E. Lore, Chief Jus. of Del.* "One bottle of Brazilian Balm cured a friend of mine of hay fever."—*Thos. M. Culbert.* "I was very deaf for 10 years from catarrh. Brazilian Balm applied warm in my ears every day soon restored my hearing."—*Mrs. John Scotten, Chester Pa.* "It is the best thing for dyspepsia I ever saw tried."—*Judge Edward Wootten.* "I was worn almost to the grave with a racking cough that all the remedies and the doctors failed to relieve. It was cured with one bottle of Brazilian Balm. It shall be my doctor through life."—*Mrs. J. Galloway, Pottstown, Pa.* "I was fearfully crippled up with rheumatism, could not get my hand to my head. I took ten 50 cent bottles of Brazilian Balm in six months. Am now entirely cured and as nimble as I was at forty."—*Anson Burrell, aged 84.* A lady in Cincinnati was so afflicted with asthma that during the winter for seventeen years she was unable to sleep lying down, was entirely and permanently cured with Brazilian Balm.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS AND DEALERS.

B. F. JACKSON & CO., Indianapolis, Ind.

"THE MORE YOU SAY THE LESS PEOPLE REMEMBER." ONE WORD WITH YOU

SAPOLIO

Fifty Cents Per Box

TRADE MARK

Palmo Tablets

HEALTH, POWER, ENERGY.

Stop forever all weakening drains, feed the nerves, replace waste tissues, and send rich, red blood coursing through every part of the system, making every organ act, and causing you to glow and tingle with newly found strength. You're a new man, and can feel it! The greatest NERVE TONIC ever discovered. Palmo Tablets cure quickly and forever Nervous Debility, Varicocele, Atrophy, Loss of Memory, Sleeplessness, Dyspepsia, Kidney Diseases; 50c a box; 12 boxes (with guarantee, good as gold), $5.00. Sent anywhere. HALSID DRUG CO., Cleveland, O.

Sold by H. F. Vorhamp, Northeast Corner North and Main Streets.

EVERY WOMAN

Sometimes needs a reliable, monthly, regulating medicine. Only harmless and the purest drugs should be used. If you want the best, get

Dr. Peal's Pennyroyal Pills

They are prompt, safe and certain in result. The genuine (Dr. Peal's) never disappoint. Sent anywhere, $1.00. Address PEAL MEDICINE CO., Cleveland, O.

SOLD BY WM. MELVILLE, OLD POST OFFICE CORNER.

The Rosy Freshness

And a velvety softness of the skin is invariably obtained by those who use Pozzoni's Complexion Powder.

Absent Minded.

"How much sugar will you have?" inquired the hostess as she held a lump over the coffee cup.

And Senator Sorghum gazed thoughtfully ahead of him and replied:

"Oh, a couple of thousand shares."—*Washington Star.*

Glad Tidings.

The grand specific for Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint, Rheumatism, Costiveness, General Debility, etc., is Bacon's Celery King for the Nerves. This great herbal tonic stimulates the digestive organs, regulates the Liver and restores the system to vigorous health and energies. Samples free. Large packages 50c and 25c. Sold only by Wm. M Melville.

Altruism.

"Widowhood makes a woman unselfish."

"Why so?"

"Because she ceases to look out for Number One and begins to look out for Number Two.—*Brooklyn Life.*

Skin and blood diseases, causing all sorts of dire disasters to human happiness, are easily and quickly cured by Burdock Blood Bitters.

Erie . . Railroad.

ERIE

TIME CARD IN EFFECT June 27, 1897.

From LIMA, OHIO.

TRAINS WEST. Depart

No. 6, Vestibule Limited, daily for Chicago and the West ..... 11:23 a m
No. 8, Pacific Express, daily, for Chicago and the West ..... 12:07 a m
No. 1, Express, daily, except Sunday, for Chicago and the West ..... 9 10 a m
No. 51, Local Freight, daily, except Sunday ..... 7:00 a m
No. 13, Wells Fargo Limited Express, daily, except Monday ..... 4 50 p m

TRAINS EAST.

No. 6, Vestibule Limited, daily, for New York and Boston ..... 9:03 p m
No. 2, Express, daily, except Sunday 3:30 p m
No. 12, Express, daily, for New York 3:05 a m
No. 52, Local Freight, daily, except Sunday ..... 7:00 a m
Train 13 will not run days following legal holidays.
Through coaches and sleeping cars to New York and Boston.

FRANK C. MOOOY, Agent
W S MORRISON, Trav. Pass. Agt., Huntington, Ind

Piles! Piles! Piles!

Dr. Williams' Indian Pile Ointment will cure Blind, Bleeding, Ulcerated and Itching Piles. It absorbs the tumors, allays the itching at once, acts as poultice, gives instant relief. Dr Williams' Indian Pile Ointment is prepared only for Piles and Itching of the private parts, and nothing else. Every box is guaranteed. Sold by druggists, sent by mail for 50c and $1 per box. WILLIAMS MFG CO., Prop's, Cleveland, O. For sale by H. F. Vorhamp, northeast corner Main and North streets.

NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®

A COOL BOTTLE

of Hires Rootbeer on a sweltering hot day is highly essential to comfort and health. It cools the blood reduces your temperature tones the stomach

HIRES Rootbeer

should be in every home, in every office in every workshop. A temperance drink, more healthful than ice water, more delightful and satisfying than any other beverage produced.

Made only by Chas. E. Hires Co. Prepaid this package makes 5 gallons. Sold everywhere.

LOCAL TIME CARD

Going time of departure of trains from the various depots at Lima. Corrected June 22 1897.

P. Ft. W. & C. R. R.

No 4—Going East	Daily		7 15 a m
38— "			8 30 a m
20— "	ex. Sunday		8 15 p m
8— "			9 30 p m
2— "	Limited		11 50 p m
39—Going West	ex Sunday		9 30 a m
9— "	"		2 50 p m
31— "	"		3 44 p m
15— "	"		5 00 p m
5— "	Limited		8 32 a m

C. H. & D. R. R.

Taking effect Sunday July 4 1897, at 4 o'clock a. m.

No	SOUTH	
7 arrives daily		2 29 a m
7, leaves		2 32 a m
11 " "	except Sunday	5 45 a m
1 arrives " "		9 37 a m
1, leaves " "		9 40 a m
5, arrives "		12 30 p m
5 leaves "		12 35 p m
3 arrives "		4 00 p m
3 leaves "		4 03 p m
13, arrives, except Sunday		9 25 p m
61, Sunday only, leaves		7 30 a m
65, " arrives		10 50 p m
	NORTH	
2 arrives daily except Sunday		8 20 a m
2, leaves " "		8 23 a m
14 " "		5 25 a m
6, arrives "		12 25 p m
6 leaves "		12 40 p m
4 arrives "	except Sunday	4 25 p m
4, leaves " "		4 31 p m
10, arrives " "		9 30 p m
12, arrives daily		1 17 a m
12 leaves		1 20 a m
60 Sunday only, arrives		7 40 a m
60 " leaves		7 43 a m
65 " arrives		10 20 p m

L. E. & W. R. R.

No 6 Going East, daily ex Sunday		1 20 a m
4— " "		1 25 p m
3— "		7 15 p m
Lake Special	Sunday only	7 00 a m
1— " West		2 40 a m
3— "		2 [illegible] a m
5— "		4 45 p m
129—Minster acc		4 00 p m

O. & M. R. R.

Local—Going East daily ex Sunday		7 03 a m
No 2— " "		8 30 p m
" 8— " "		9 05 p m
" 12— " "		2 45 a m
Local— West		7 30 a m
No 1— "		9 10 a m
5— "		11 [illegible] a m
3 "		12 57 p m
13	Monday	4 50 p m

OHIO SOUTHERN

LEAVES SOUTH.

No 1—Daily ex. Sunday		8 30 a m
No 3— " "		3 30 p m

ARRIVES NORTH

No 2—Daily ex Sunday		11 50 a m
No 4— " " "		5 15 p m

DETROIT & LIMA NORTHERN

NO	GOING NORTH	
40, leaves daily except Sunday		8 25 a m
42 leaves daily except Sunday		11 55 a m
44 Tecumseh Accom except Sunday		5 30 p m
48 leaves Sunday only		8 00 a m
52 local daily except Sunday		6 35 a m
	GOING SOUTH	
41 arrives daily except Sunday		9 25 p m
43 arrives daily except Sunday		2 10 p m
45, Tecumseh Acc, ar daily ex Sun		8 10 a m
49 arrives Sunday only		10 30 p m
53 local		4 15 p m

Artillery in Action

There is probably one thing more than any other which more people know about from reading and less about from actual seeing and hearing than anything else, and that is cannon and the artillery. Comparatively few localities have military posts, where sunrise and sunset guns are fired, very few towns or cities have the artillery branch of the militia, and even when they have the guns are never seen save in the armories or in parades upon state or holiday occasions. It is safe to assume that not one person in every thousand throughout the country has ever seen cannon or artillery in real action where the guns are handled and fired as they are in real warfare.

That sort of ignorance need exist no longer in this city after Wednesday, August 18th, the date of the exhibition of Buffalo Bill's Wild West and Congress of Rough Riders of the World. Among the new features added to the wonderful exhibition are batteries of Uncle Sam's heavy and flying artillery. The canon will be brought into action in precisely the same manner as if these real soldiers and real cannon were engaged in a real battle.

Think of seeing this without having to see the awful carnage and horror of a battlefield. It will be well worth the while of anyone to visit this unique exhibition if it were the only thing to be seen, while in reality it is but one of very many of equal interest and imparting equally useful and desirable information.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The BEST SALVE in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by H. F. Vortkamp, n. e. cor. North and Main sts., Lima.

All men banished by Dr. Miles' Pain Pills.

A GOOD MEETING

Fast Time Made by Athletes in the Buckland Meet

The meet at Buckland was a decided success, as the spectators and contestants were well pleased with the day's sport. Many Limaites were present, and it seemed that Ohioans had made Buckland their stopping off place for the day, as thousands were upon the grounds and in the grand stand. Physical director Roehm officiated as referee and starter for the day.

Orley Clutter captured another diamond for first in the 1 5 mile open. Earl Bressler had a spill about 100 yards from the finish in this event.

The two-mile handicap was won by D. B. Beamer. Time, 4 41.

Four-fifths mile county race, cycle time 1 54.

Four-fifths mile club race, cycle time 2 18.

Four-fifths mile boys' race, cycle time 1 50.

Fifty yard dash, F. E. Barber, of Cincinnati. Time, 5 seconds. H. Hawkins, second.

One hundred yard dash, Barber, 10 seconds. Hawkins close second.

One-quarter mile, Barber, 51.

One hundred and forty, Hurdle, Barber, 15¼.

One-half mile, Barber, 2 08. R. Nathan close second.

One hundred yards, boys, T. McLaughlin, 11 seconds.

One-quarter mile, county; time 58.

These events were hotly contested and no one had a walk away.

The people have long since learned that the most disagreeable medicines are not necessarily the best. In fact, as a rule, they are not. What is wanted is something mild and sure, such as Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhœa Remedy. That is really pleasant to take when reduced with water and sweetened. Then it is acknowledged everywhere to be the most successful remedy in the world for bowel complaints. Ask any number of druggists for the best remedy they have for diarrhœa and fully nine out of ten will recommend Chamberlain's. In speaking of this medicine, Mr. B. B. Buffum, of Friendsville, Susquehanna Co., Pa., says: "We have used it in our family for pain in the stomach, cholera and diarrhœa and found it to be a most effective remedy." For sale by Melville, the druggist, old postoffice corner, C. W. Heister, 58 public square.

COURT HOUSE NEWS

MARRIAGE LICENSES

Allen Cunningham and Anna Holland Shead.

Wm. Hoblet and Lulu Howard.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

Helen A. Wise and Albert J. Wise, as executors of the estate of Jacob Wise, deceased, to Vina Jackson, in lot 2 406 in J. D. Watts' addition to the city of Lima. $200.

John W. VanDyke and Emma L. VanDyke to A. Kayser, jr., lot 4662 in VanDyke's addition to the city of Lima. $170.

Frany Cook to Charles Knise, 2½ acres in German township. $1,250.

H. C. Settlage and Louise Settlage to Hugh Francis; lot 3,689 in Sellers' & Settlage's first addition to Lima. $200.

Jesse Mackenzie, administrator of Ellen A. Rhoades to Jacob Aud 80 acres in Marion township. $4 500.

Something to Depend On

Mr. James Jones, of the drug firm of Jones & Son, Cowden, Ill., in speaking of Dr. King's New Discovery says that last winter his wife was attacked with La Grippe and her case grew so serious that physicians at Cowden and Pana could do nothing for her. It seemed to develop into Hasty Consumption. Having Dr. King's New Discovery in store, and selling lots of it, he took a bottle home, and to the surprise of all she began to get better from first dose, and half dozen dollar bottles cured her sound and well. Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds is guaranteed to do this good work. Try it. Free trial bottles at H. F. Vortkamp's Drug Store, n. e. cor. Main and North sts.

Chicago & Erie Railroad Co's Excursions.

Buffalo, N. Y.—G. A. R. Encampment, August 22d and 23d. Rate, $6 55.

For full particulars as to train limits and any information apply to F. O. McCoy, ticket agent. tf

National Encampment Buffalo, N. Y., Aug. 25th to 28th.

Excursion tickets at one cent per mile each way from all stations on Erie Lines will be sold August 21st, 22d and 23d. Good returning August 31st with privilege of extension to Sept. 20th. Stop over will be allowed at Chautauqua Lake on return trip. For further information call on nearest agent of the Erie Lines.

W. S. MORRISON,
d&w Trav. Pass. A'g't.

Cheap Excursion to the Great Lakes

via C., H. & D. railway, good to return until October 1.

Sand Beach, $7 85, Oscoda, $8 85; Alpina, $9 85, St. Ignace, $9.85; Cheboygan, $9 85, Mackinac Island, $9 85, Petoskey or Bay View, $12 75; Sault Ste. Marie, $13 35, Duluth, $23 35, Cleveland, $5 35, Buffalo, $9.85.

These tickets are on sale every day.

NOT PEACE BUT STRIFE

[illegible]

Of [illegible] loved [illegible]
Reckoning light [illegible]
But [illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]
And [illegible]

There [illegible] not
[illegible]

For [illegible]
Me to [illegible]
How God lives [illegible] bidding us [illegible]
Wrong [illegible] and to rear
By our [illegible] the free
And holy [illegible] of the living right
And gladly [illegible]
I leave the dream nor crave
Aught but with you to try
The power of great love to help and save.

Dearest when we have done what was our best,
When the strength of our day is past and night
Comes quietly and we know that we must rest,
Leaving the task undone shall not fight,
Though all unfinished faltering and weak,
Yet since we loved each other and held high
Above our failing what God bade us seek,
Shall not the fight bring peace and we but die
To find the dream is real? Nay as then made
Of careless happy fancies, but nearer strong
On sorrows love made holy through God's aid,
On selfhood's sacrifice and conquered wrong.

—H. Hawthorne in Harper's Magazine.

A Dinner at Birs Nimrud.

John Punnett Peters, in his book, "Nippur, or Explorations on the Euphrates," describes a dinner at Birs Nimrud as follows:

Before dinner we had date arrack, almonds and cigarettes to whet our appetites. The first course consisted of chicken and potatoes. Each man was provided with a knife, fork and spoon, which he retained during the entire dinner, the dishes being changed at each course. We all plunged into the central dish and it was polite for each person to eat faster than every other. At each end of the table were bowls of pickles, in which we went fishing with our forks or spoons as we saw fit. Once, as a mark of [illegible] the host presented me with a [illegible] on his fork as a concession to Turkish usage. We had beer to drink with our dinner. After the chicken came spinach cooked in the most delightful way imaginable, for the Turks certainly know how to cook. With this was served a very peculiar sort of sour oranges, which are better than lemons for squeezing over anything. Then came some excellent meat pills, for I scarcely know what else to call them. After this we were served with delicious sweet cakes floating in a luscious sauce, then cabbage, with meat chopped in it, then rice pilau, with chicken tidbits mixed in. * * * We then washed our hands with soap and water and rinsed out our mouths, after the Turkish fashion."

Oom Paul at Church.

Hard by the president's mansion at Pretoria stands the austere little church where Mr. Kruger is wont to pray on Sundays. No member of the congregation is more regular than he, and at times he leads the service himself and will even preach when in the mood. Oom Paul himself draws large audiences, but when not actively engaged in the conduct of the service he usually sits beneath the pulpit, being, it is said, somewhat deaf at times. During prayer all the men stand up.

A Hard One.

A little girl has a grandfather who had taught her to open and shut his crush hat. The other day, however, he came with an ordinary silk one.

Suddenly he sees her coming with the new stovepipe wrinkled like an accordion.

Oh grandfather, she said, this one's very hard. I've had to sit on it, but I can't get it more than half shut.—London Fun.

Lord Tennyson died a rich man, his will, recently proved, showing a personalty of $2[illegible],000. His early publishers, Messrs. Strahan & Co., paid him $[illegible]00 a year for the privilege of publishing his poems and a royalty besides which was above the conventional 10 per cent paid to most authors.

The collection of relics of Carlyle in his old house in Cheyne row, Chelsea, is just now an interesting addition in the shape of the famous sound-proof room in which Mrs. Carlyle was born. It was brought from Craigenputtock and put up in the Chelsea abode.

There are not many lands with a more stormy or more heroic history than that of Crete. In remote antiquity it was the redoubtable "Isle of One Hundred Cities," and had an illustrious line of kings, among whom were Rhadamanthus, Minos and Idomeneus.

"Nature's whisky factory" is an insectivorous plant, its blossom being a small pitcher filled with a fluid which intoxicates flies, gnats and other insects. These sip and sip again, become intoxicated and fall into the fluid, where their bodies are dissolved and absorbed.

Pallid faces indicate pale, thin blood. Rosy cheeks show the pure, rich blood resulting from taking Hood's Sarsaparilla.

[illegible] WITH HIM.

Dresden [illegible] Aug. 7.—With the [illegible] Powder [illegible] the secret of [illegible] promised to be of great [illegible] commercial world. [illegible] or semi-fluid [illegible] was to be [illegible] a liquid preparation the secret of which was known only to Mr. Rower. Every means had been tried to induce him to patent the invention but he declined fearing he might lose the use of it.

Like Other Gold Fields.

Ottawa, Ont., Aug. 7.—Captain Moses Sinclair of Montreal who has been spending the summer in Alaska has written a letter in which he says the situation on the Klondyke is not very dissimilar to other gold fields. The yellow metal is there he says but it does not lie around the ground in chunks waiting to be scooped up. It can only be secured by patient and uncommonly laborious placer mining interspersed with many weary miles of tramping around from pocket to pocket.

Spreckels Sugar Company Incorporated.

San Francisco, Aug. 7.—Articles of incorporation of the Spreckels Sugar company have been filed. The capital is $5,000,000. Producing beats and manufacturing sugar therefrom is to be the primary object of the company, and incidentally they will engage in agriculture, will build, equip and manage factories and refineries, deal in real estate, construct railways, build ships and do all other things necessary to the successful development of the sugar making business.

New Salt Works.

Hutchinson, Kan., Aug. 7.—The Michigan Salt association, commonly known as the salt trust, has decided to invade the Kansas field, and will construct a manufacturing plant at Hutchinson with a capacity of 1,000 barrels daily. The company has purchased a tract of 4 acres adjoining the city as a site for the new works.

Rate War Ended.

Tacoma, Wash., Aug. 7.—The withdrawal of the Kruse steamers Lake and Cleveland from the San Francisco Puget Sound run to enter the Alaska trade leaves the San Francisco-Sound field to the Pacific Coast Steamship company and ends the freight war which was inaugurated by the establishment of the Kruse line last spring.

Unknown Man Murdered.

Nashville, Aug. 7.—An old man supposed to be an Italian and whose name has not been ascertained was shot and killed by unknown persons near Aspen Hill in Miller county. He has been affiliating with negroes for several weeks. [illegible] his body was found in the cabin riddled with bullets.

Boundary Dispute Settled.

Ascension, Paraguay, Aug. 7.—The minister of the interior here has sent a note to the authorities declaring that peace with Bolivia is assured as the questions in dispute arising out of the boundary trouble have been settled.

Attorney General Scott Dead.

Warrenton, Va., Aug. 7.—Major R. Taylor Scott, attorney general of Virginia, died here shortly after midnight. The deceased had been ill with typhoid fever for some weeks.

MARKET REPORTS.

Grain and Stock Quotations For Aug. 6.

New York.

Beef—Family [illegible] $7 00@[illegible] extra mess, $7 00@[illegible]—Pickled [illegible] Lard—Western steam [illegible] Pork—Old mess $8 [illegible]

Butter—Western dairy 11@[illegible] creamery 11@[illegible] Cheese—State large [illegible] part skims 4@[illegible] Eggs—State and Pennsylvania 12 [illegible] western fresh, 10@[illegible]

Wheat—[illegible] Rye—45½c. Oats—[illegible]

Pittsburg.

Cattle—Choice $4 90@5 00, good, $4 60@4 80, tidy $4 00@4 30, fair $4 00@4 [illegible], common $3 [illegible]@3 85, heifers $3 00@4 10, bulls, stags and cows $2 [illegible]@3 60.

Hogs—First quality Yorkers and pigs $4 20@4 25, best [illegible] $4 17@4 20, common to fair $4 [illegible]@4 [illegible], roughs $3 [illegible]@4 00.

Sheep—Prime wethers $4 [illegible], choice $4 15@4 40, good $4 00@4 10, fair $3 60@3 85, common $3 [illegible], lambs $4 00@6 00.

Calves $[illegible].

Chicago.

Hogs—Light $4 70@4 92½, mixed $4 60@4 80, heavy $4 45@4 80, rough $4 [illegible]@4 [illegible].

Cattle—Beeves $3 [illegible]@5 00, cows and heifers $1 [illegible]@4 40, Texas steers $2 80@4 00, stockers and feeders $3 [illegible]@4 30, stockers and feeders $3 [illegible]@4 30.

Sheep [illegible].

Wheat—[illegible] Corn—[illegible] Oats—[illegible] Rye—[illegible].

Buffalo.

Cattle—Best steers $4 75@5 10, fancy $5 [illegible], choice steers and heifers $3 60@4 25, Jersey [illegible] and Yorkers $4 10@4 [illegible], heifers $4 00@4 [illegible].

Sheep and lambs—Best lambs $5 75@5 85, fair to good $5 [illegible], sheep mixed, $4 00@4 [illegible], wethers $4 [illegible]@4 60.

Calves $[illegible].

Cincinnati.

Wheat—No. 2 red 78c. Corn—No. 2 mixed 28½c. Oats—No. 2 mixed 18c. Rye [illegible].

Lard $4 [illegible]. Bulk meats—$4 85@5 00. Bacon $[illegible].

Hogs $4 40@4 12½. Cattle—$2 25@4 85. Sheep $[illegible]. Lambs $3 [illegible].

Cleveland.

Hogs—Yorkers and lights, $4 00@4 05, mediums and heavies $4 00, stags and roughs $2 50@3 25.

Sheep and lambs—Sheep $2 25@3 50, lambs $3 50@4 75.

Cattle—Steers $3 75@4 40, heifers $3 00@4 00, cows and bulls $2 00@3 00.

Baltimore.

Butter—Fancy creamery, 16c. Eggs—Fresh 10c.

Toledo.

Wheat 82c. Corn 27½c.

"A perfect type of the highest order of excellence in manufacture."

Walter Baker & Co.'s BREAKFAST COCOA

Absolutely Pure—Delicious—Nutritious.
Costs Less than One Cent a Cup.

Be sure that you get the genuine article, made at DORCHESTER, MASS.

Established 1780.

....By...
WALTER BAKER & CO. Ltd.

CINCINNATI HAMILTON & DAYTON RY.
CH&D
CINCINNATI
INDIANAPOLIS CHICAGO DAYTON TOLEDO DETROIT

Excursions via C., H. & D. R. R. Co.

Home Seekers to the South.

On July 5, 6, 19 and 20, and August 2, 3, 16 and 17 the C., H. & D. will sell excursion tickets at one fare, plus $2, good to return in 21 days.

Buffalo, N. Y.

On account G. A. R., the C., H. & D. will sell tickets at $6.55 on August 21, 22 and 23, good to return until the 31st.

Mt. Vernon, O.

On August 9, 10 and 11, the C., H. & D. Ry. will sell excursion tickets at one and one-third fare, good to return until the 12th, inclusive.

Columbus, O.

On account of State Fair, the C., H. & D. Ry. will sell round trip tickets at $2.60. August 30 and 31 and September 1, 2 and 3, return September 4th.

Excursion to Bethany Park, Indiana, via C., H. & D. Ry.

Agents of the C., H. & D. Ry. will sell excursion tickets to Bethany Park, Indiana, on July 25th to August 15th, at one fare for the round trip, account Bethany Park assembly. Tickets will be good returning until August 18th.

Nashville, Tenn.,

Via C., H. & D. Ry. The C., H. & D. are now selling tickets to Nashville at very low rates, as follows:

Tickets good to return until Nov. 7th, $18.45, tickets good to return until 20 day from date, $13 55, tickets good to return until 10 days from date, $9 85. The 10 day tickets are on sale Tuesday and Thursday of each week. Others on sale daily.

Niagara falls and return and to all other Eastern resorts at very low rates.

Sunday rates on the C., H. & D. R. R. will be one fare for the round trip to all points.

H. J. McGUIRE, Ticket Agent.

Sunday Excursion to Fort Wayne via Pennsylvania Lines.

August 8th will be German day at Robinson Park, Fort Wayne. Low rate excursion tickets will be sold for the occasion via Pennsylvania lines. One dollar round trip from Lima on special train at 7.30 a. m., central time, returning special train will leave Fort Wayne at 8.00 p. m., central time, for Lima and intermediate ticket stations. This will be the second annual reunion of northern Indiana and Ohio German societies. Festivities include musical programme. There are various attractions at Robinson Park. tu th sat

Charles II probably accomplished the greatest royal swindle on record when, in 1672, he closed the exchequer and robbed his creditors of about £1,250,000.

Lightning Hot Drops—
What a Funny Name!
Very True, but It Kills All Pain—
Sold Everywhere, Every Day—
Without Relief, There Is No Pay!

Apples are useful in nervous dyspepsia, they are nutritious, medicinal and vitalizing, they aid digestion, clear the voice, correct the acidity of the stomach, are valuable in rheumatism, insomnia and liver troubles. An apple contains as much nutriment as a potato, in a pleasanter and more wholesome form.

Are you a sufferer from that terrible plague, Itching Piles? Doan's Ointment will bring instant relief and permanent cure. Get it from your dealer.

My Good Times.

My Good Times gone away
Left de country flat
Trusted fun out every day
What he livin at
If I ever fin he track
Do my best fer bring him back

Ax de people whar he stay
Ever see the one
Everybody point an say
I'm de farther on
If I ever fin he track
Good Lawd help me bring him back!

—Frank L. Stanton in Atlanta Constitution.

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

The fat undertaker,
Who plants by the acre
Poor victims of cough and cold,
Is sighing and crying
For we've all stopped dying
Since Brazilian Balm was sold
And for those who desire
Not just yet to go higher
It is worth its weight in gold.

Legal Notice.

Elmer Young, residence unknown will take notice that on the 20th day of July, A. D. 1897, Alta Young filed her petition in the Probate Court of Allen county, Ohio being case number 6 048 praying for a divorce from said Elmer Young on the grounds of extreme cruelty and gross neglect of duty. Said cause will be for hearing on and after the eighth day of September, A. D. 1897.

JOHN H. KLATTE,
7-29 6w Plaintiff's Attorney.

SECOND SEASHORE EXCUSION

Via Pennsylvania Lines Thursday, August 12th.

Choice of Ten Popular Ocean Resorts—$12 Round Trip from Lima.

The first season excursion over the Pennsylvania Lines was a grand success. Nearly two thousand persons took advantage of the extremely low rates and enjoyed delightful trips to the most popular summer havens along the Atlantic Coast.

The second excursion over the Pennsylvania Route will be run Thursday, August 12th. Two more resorts have been added to the list of points to which tickets will be sold, making a total of ten resorts, all of which are well known places of summer sojourn, viz: Atlantic City, Cape May, Avalon, Anglesea, Ocean City, Sea Isle City, Holly Beach, Wildwood, New Jersey and Rehoboth Beach, Delaware, and Ocean City, Maryland, the latter two being the new points in question.

The round trip rate will be only $12 from Lima to either resort, the return limit covering twelve days including date of sale.

Through train and through car service for this excursion will be very convenient. Pullman Vestibule Sleeping Cars and Pennsylvania Standard Coaches will be run without change through Pittsburgh and Philadelphia to Atlantic City, leaving Lima at 8.30 a. m., August 12th. Excursion tickets will also be good going August 11th, on any through train except the Pennsylvania Limited.

The date of the second excursion is particularly convenient. Business is practically at a standstill during the middle of August. It is the season of rest in the city and country, and a week or two can not be spent more pleasantly nor profitably than at one of these attractive ocean retreats. The invigorating breeze from the sea, the myriads of interesting sights and the opportunity for health giving recreation make these seashore excursions ideal vacation trips. Persons who participate in them will return to their homes strengthened in both mind and body for a renewal of the labors attendant upon the opening of the fall and winter season.

For detailed information regarding tickets, time of trains and other particulars apply to F. A. Bacubosa, Ticket Agent, Lima, or address O. L. Kimball, Assistant General Passenger Agent, Cleveland, O.

Legal Notice.

Tyson Owen, Zepha Owen, Alexander Owen, Ora Morris, and —— Morris, husband of the said Ora Morris, and whose first name is unknown, who reside in Muncie, Indiana, and Joseph J. Dickinson, who resides in Richmond, Indiana, will take notice that W. T. Copeland, as administrator of the estate of Rachel Owen, deceased, on the 27th day of July, A. D. 1897, filed his petition in the Probate Court within and for the County of Allen, and State of Ohio, alleging that there is no personal estate of the said Rachel Owen, deceased, with which to pay debts and the charges of administering the estate, that she died seized in fee simple of the following described real estate, situated in said county, to wit:

Inlot number two thousand and seven (2007) in Hawthorn's addition to the city of Lima, Ohio; Also

Inlot number one thousand eight hundred and eighty six (1886) in Irvin & Brice's addition to the said city of Lima, Ohio, and

That said Alexander Owen, as surviving husband of the said decedent is entitled to dower in said premises, that Tyson Owen, Zepha Owen and Ora Morris are the children and the next of kins to said decedent and that —— Morris, whose first name is unknown is the husband of said Ora Morris and that Joseph J. Dickinson and Wm. B. Faze have or claim to have some lien on or interest in said premises.

The prayer of said petition is for the assignment of dower to said Alexander Owen for a sale of said premises, subject to such dower, for the payment of the debts and charges aforesaid, and for the said Joseph J. Dickinson and Wm. B. Faze to set up their respective claims, if any they have, or be barred.

The persons above mentioned will further take notice that they have been made parties defendant to said petition, and that they are required to answer the same on or before the 7th day of September, A. D. 1897.

W. T. COPELAND,
Administrator of the estate of Rachel Owen, deceased.

CHAS. H. ADKINS and
COPELAND & ROGERS, Atty's. 7 2 6w

Legal Notice.

Harry O. Fritz residing in Evanston, Uinta county, state of Wyoming, will take notice that on the 5th day of August, 1897, Theodore D. Dimon filed his petition in the Probate Court of Allen county, Ohio, in case No. 6056, against the above named Harry O. Fritz, praying for the foreclosure of a mortgage made by the said Harry O. Fritz to the plaintiff on the following described real estate, to-wit: 30 and 2 10 acres off of the west side of the northwest quarter of section 7, town 4 south, range 7 east, first principal meridian, Allen county, Ohio, beginning at a stone at the northwest corner of the said northwest quarter, thence south on the west line of said quarter section 40 14 100 chains to a stone at the southwest corner thereof, thence east on the south line of said quarter section 7 and 52½ chains to a stone, thence north parallel with the west line of said quarter section to a gas pipe monument on the north line thereof, thence west on the north line of said quarter section 7 and 52½ chains to the place of beginning, containing 30 and 2 10 acres, or 29 acres exclusive of the east half of the county road, all subject to the right of way of the C., H. & D. railway, given to secure a debt on which $[illegible] is due, with interest from the 6th of May, 1897.

Said Harry O. Fritz is required to answer on or before the 4th day of September 1897, or judgment may be taken against him.

THEODORE D. DIMON
By Prophet & Eastman, his attorneys.
August 5th, 1897. 8 6 fri 6w

Notice.

Notice is hereby given that an application has been made to the City Council of Lima, Ohio, by The Lima Railway Company, a corporation for permission to extend its railway tracks on east Wayne street from the point where the track now ends to north Jackson street, thence north on Jackson street to McKibben street, thence east on McKibben street to the end of said street, with right to place in said street all proper curves turnouts, switches, poles, wires and crossings in intersecting streets and alleys. That all proper and necessary steps have been taken as required by law previous to the filing of this application. This notice is given under the direction and at the request of the City Council of Lima, Allen county, Ohio. Said application will be for hearing after three weeks publication of this notice.

C. E. LYECH, City Clerk.
Lima, Ohio, July 19th, 1897. 7 23 fri 3w

Notice of Appointment.

Estate of Rachel W. Owen deceased. The undersigned has been appointed and qualified as administrator of the estate of Rachel M. Owen, late of Allen county, Ohio, deceased. Dated this 16th day of July, A. D. 1897.

W. T. COPELAND.
C. H. Adkins and Copeland & Rogers, Att'ys.

NO. 54.

East Side Public Square. First-class Barber Shop. Ladies' and Children's Hair Cutting done to order. Special room for ladies' hair dressing. A. G. LUTZ, Proprietor.

NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®
NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®

LIMA, OHIO, SATURDAY, AUGUST 7, 1897.

The Lima Times-Democrat

OFFICE—TIMES BUILDING,
No. 331 North Main Street, Lima O
TELEPHONE CALL, NO. 56.

THE TIMES-DEMOCRAT PUBLISHES THE LARGEST CIRCULATION IN LIMA

Postage Prepaid Anywhere in United States.

THE LIMA TIMES-DEMOCRAT is published every evening (except Sunday) and will be delivered on your supper table each evening for the following terms:

One copy one year in advance.....$3.00
Six months, in advance.....1.50
By carrier, per week.....10 cents

Subscription collections made weekly. Our collectors will call each week unless some special arrangement be made with him. All dollar subscription accounts must be paid promptly.

THE TIMES-DEMOCRAT has the largest circulation of any daily newspaper in northwestern Ohio, outside the larger cities. It reaches into every portion of Lima and goes into every postoffice in Allen county. THE LIMA TIMES-DEMOCRAT is recognized as the people's paper, and as such is the most popular newspaper in the city. It is read by every one in Lima, and its rapidly increasing list attests its superiority over all competitors.

THE TIMES-DEMOCRAT—The Semi-Weekly edition issued by the TIMES-DEMOCRAT COMPANY, is without parallel in point of excellence. It contains all columns of choice literary, editorial, news and advertising matter of great interest to everyone in the county. This excellent newspaper is published at the small sum of

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All foreign subscription must be paid in advance.

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TIMES-DEMOCRAT PUB. CO.
LIMA, OHIO.

UNION LABEL

STATE DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

For Governor,
HORACE L. CHAPMAN,
of Jackson county.

For Lieutenant Governor,
MELVILLE SHAW,
of Auglaize county.

For Supreme Judge,
JOHN T. SPRIGGS,
of Monroe county.

For Attorney General,
WILLIAM H. DORE,
of Seneca county.

For Treasurer,
JAMES F. WILSON,
of Trumbull county.

For Member Board of Public Works,
PETER H. DEGNON,
of Lucas county.

For School Commissioner,
M. E HARD,
of Columbiana county.

For State Senators,
WM. G BROREIN.
WM. F. DECKER.

For Representative,
CHAS. H. ADKINS.

For County Treasurer,
AUGUST G. LUTZ,

For Sheriff,
E. A. BOGART.

For County Surveyor,
J. C. CRONLEY.

For Commissioner,
GEORGE D. KANAWL.

For Coroner,
DR. E. G. BURTON.

For Infirmary Director,
I. B. STEMEN.

We will have to wait a time in order to ascertain whether the new tariff is going to bring the promised prosperity, but one thing is apparent and that is the Dingley bill has already commenced to breed huge trusts and numbers of them will be organized before the year is out all over the country. Arrangements are being made to form a beer trust, with an annual output of 10,000,000 barrels and a capital of $200,000,000, or twice as large as that of the Standard Oil Company, the money to be furnished by a syndicate of wealthy Englishmen. The beer trust will take in the breweries and maltsters of all the large cities of the country and when it gets control of the whole beer supply it will be sure to raise the price of the beverage.

Cuba is still struggling for freedom. Queen Lil has not been annexed, but glory be to God and Mark Hanna, the trusts that were milked for his corruption fund have all been made happy by the Dingley bill.

HANNAISM SHOWN UP.

An Honest Republican's Manly and Ringing Rebuke.

SOME STARTLING FACTS.

Hanna's Corrupt Practice and Wicked Methods Held Up to Public View by One Who Knows Whereof He Speaks.

Cleveland Aug. 7.—[Special.]—The methods of Hanna and the general principles of Hannaism do not meet with an enthusiastic indorsement, even by the Republicans of this part of the state. On the contrary they are secretly, and often openly, condemned by Republicans high in the councils of the party up to the present campaign and conspicuous in business and social circles.

One of them, the junior member of a prominent firm engaged in mercantile business, who spends much of his time on the road as a salesman, took occasion today to express his sentiment as to the duty of all honest, high-minded Republicans at the approaching election in a running conversation upon current politics.

"It would be a calamity," said he, "and one much to be deplored, if Mark Hanna should succeed in controlling the election in Ohio in 1897, in the same manner and by the same methods used in 1896."

"What were the methods to which you refer?"

"False and specious promises, sinister threats against debtors, coercion of employes, and the suspiciously large increase in the vote of the state, which may be readily located at the railway centers and at the junctional points."

"Do you charge these things up to Mr. Hanna?"

"I am not charging anything. These promises, threats and the like were made and done. There is no question as to that. Mr. Hanna was chairman of the national committee. If he did not approve of them he should have forbidden them. That is not only good morals, but every-day, good common sense."

"You speak of false promises, what were they?"

"That prosperity and confidence would return the next day after McKinley was elected. I heard Mr. Hanna make this declaration publicly, and he covered the dead walls from ocean to ocean with flaming posters advertising William McKinley as the "Advance Agent of Prosperity," and some of these miserable travesties on human credulity may yet be seen on the silent and smokeless mills in Cleveland and the grimy coal tipples where the miners are striking against starvation wages, and Mr Hanna's and DeArmitt's coal tipples, where ironclad contracts are in vogue, are among them."

"What do you mean by sinister threats against debtors?"

"Last year there were tens of thousands of farmers, merchants, shopkeepers and business men, about equally divided between the two parties, who were in debt to the banks and money loaners, with their property mortgaged. They had seen contraction, falling prices, lessened prices, and threatened bankruptcy go hand in hand with the gold standard. They believed that relief would come with the restoration of silver as money of final redemption, and a consequent expansion of the currency, and of course expressed their intention of voting for Mr. Bryan. It is a notorious fact that the banks and money lenders, acting in concert, and aided by the Republican national committee, served notice on this great class of unfortunate business men and debtors that they must either recant their political belief and vote for McKinley or suffer foreclosure. These threats drove the most of them into voting against their convictions."

"Have they escaped foreclosure?"

"Those of them who could furnish ample security for extensions received them—the others have been driven to the wall. There is no sentiment in money. It is cold, remorseless, exacting. It claims the pound of flesh. The tender-hearted philanthropists among the money lenders—that is tender and philanthropic to their debtors—are few and far between."

"What do you mean by coercion of employes?"

"You will remember that early in September last Mr Hanna, with a great flourish of trumpets, announced that his committee had arranged for the organization of "sound money" clubs among the employes of the vast corporations and business houses. These clubs were organized regardless of the political affiliations of the employes, if they objected they were given to understand that other men holding 'sound money' views were ready to take their places, the heads of corporations mailed circulars to employes demanding to know how they would vote, and requiring the answer to be made on the circular, bearing the name of each individual employe. Along with this was the generalized declaration that the election of McKinley meant the immediate resumption of full business and employment and an advance of wages while the election of Bryan meant a general closing down and loss of all employment. This drove [illegible]

Did the event [illegible] the prophecy?

Employment is [illegible] now than it was when these [illegible] made. [illegible]

[illegible]

You can't fool all the people all the time. [illegible] Where do you mean by that?"

"That is the worst feature of all. It is the darkest point in our political history. Once [illegible] repeated without effect [illegible] and potential rebuke and [illegible] self-government is at an end. The population of this state falls below 4,000,000 and the total vote is below 1,000,000. And yet the vote exceeded 1,020,000."

"As startling as the statement may appear there were more votes cast in Ohio in 1896 than there were male persons 21 years of age as shown by the quadrennial enumeration and this included all males, unnaturalized aliens, lunatics, imbeciles and prisoners in confinement. No intelligent man doubts but that nearly or quite 100,000 males of 21 years go to comprise the 1,016,545 persons in the enumeration especialy when we add thereto the people who, being qualified, failed to vote for any reason."

"Can you point out any single place where the vote was unusually large?"

"I will take one at random, because I am familiar with the locality. In Ashtabula county it was a notorious fact that from 1,000 to 1,250 Republicans had left the party on the silver question and were going to vote for Bryan, which they actually did.

"The expectation, among honest men at least, was that the usual Republican majority would be reduced by from 2,000 to 2,500. But such was not the case. The highest previous vote cast in the county was 10,209, of which the Republicans received 6,419 and the Democrats 2,769, the other parties casting 1,010, making the Republican plurality 3,650.

"The total vote cast in 1896 was 12,729, of which McKinley received 8,557 and Bryan 3,762, showing a Republican gain of 2,019 and a Democratic gain of 993, and a Republican plurality of 4,795. The gain in 1896 over the previous highest vote was 2,529, and 1,000 of this was in the village of Ashtabula, and 1,000 of the remainder along the railroad precincts where railway boarding houses abounded, leaving the other 500 to be distributed among 29 or more townships containing two thirds of the population of the county."

"How could the vote be manipulated in this way?"

"I will tell you what one of our traveling men related to me a day or two after the election. He went west from Columbus on the evening preceding the presidential election. Two coaches were filled with men who came from farther east, wearing Bryan badges and declaring that they were railway employes going home to vote. They were unusually boisterous in announcing their presidential preference and thus attracted the gentleman's attention.

"He noticed that they debarked in squads at junctional points, the greatest numbers at Urbana, Piqua and Greenville, where the last of them left the train. Since then I have been curious enough, after studying the increase at Ashtabula, to examine and compare the election statistics. Here is the result. I find that at Urbana the vote was increased 259 over the highest previous vote, Piqua 802 and Greenville 232, making a net gain of the three points of 1,023 in a total vote of 5,156. Almost the entire increased vote in the three counties where these places are located is to be found in these towns.

"It is easy to understand why a Democratic challenger would overlook a stranger wearing a Bryan badge, and also why the Republican challenger would let him pass unchallenged.

"I have also pushed my investigations far enough to find out that at every other junctional point and where railway boarding houses abound the same phenomenal increase of the vote over all precedent is to be found, and that there is no instance of an abnormal increase to be found in the remoter towns and precincts.

"You may call this what you please, but to me it looks like a scheme which can be easily worked with money. And may be worked again if the people are asleep to what is being done. How can this matter be explained by any other hypothesis than the one I have suggested?

"I am now satisfied that every method in vogue last year, from false and delusive promises to threats of business ruin, coercion and phenomenal increase of votes in localities, where such increase will do the most good, will be taken to [illegible] unless we, as honest men and patriots, can not be too quick to put on our guard.

Mr Hanna at first made a response to such methods last year, since he was the national chairman and they have been stamped with the blistering name of Hannaism in politics. I am a Republican of Republicans and even adhere to the single gold standard idea, but I can not and will not condone such methods for obtaining results. That they are resorted to to suppress the wishes of the majority on the question of finances begins to shake my faith in the justice and equity of the single standard itself.

"Higher and more important than either side of the money question is the preservation of the liberty of conscience and conviction, an untrammeled right to vote one's convictions on all public questions and an unmolested ballot."

A REPUBLICAN.

THE SUGAR TRUST.

The Outrageous Methods of This Gigantic Monopoly.

Abraham Lincoln is credited with having said that "you can fool all the people part of the time and part of the people all of the time, but you can not fool all of the people all of the time."

There are some Republican papers which proceed upon the theory that you can fool all of the people all of the time. Among such papers is the Cleveland Leader which, since the days of Ben Wade has been looked upon as one of the most untruthful papers published in Ohio. It pays a poor compliment to its readers when it thinks that it can state any proposition and that they would believe what it says. The American people have been driven by the hard times to do some thinking for themselves, and they are no longer accepting the statements of such cheap writers as the truth. The position of the Cleveland Leader upon the sugar trust is a fair illustration of the course it will pursue in this campaign.

The purpose of the Cleveland Leader is to uphold this trust and to deceive those who read its columns.

On July 21, after the house had agreed to the conference high tariff bill, the Leader contained the following editorial:

"Mr. Dingley, in explaining the provision of the sugar schedule of the tariff bill as agreed to by the conference committee, declared that it was far less favorable to the refining trust than the sugar schedule of the present law. The new bill, he declared, gave the trust but 12½ cents a hundred pounds protection, as against 22½ cents per hundred pounds provided for by the present law. This protection is measured by the difference between the duty on raw sugar and the duty on refined sugar. In the new bill that difference is one-eighth cent per pound."

"It is difficult for anybody but an expert to understand the sugar schedule of the tariff bill. So much depends upon the color of the sugar and the amount of saccharine matter it contains that no one but an expert can distinguish between different schedules as far as their actual effect is concerned. The Leader has confidence in the correctness of the statement of Mr. Dingley, and every Republican member of the house of representatives had the same confidence. No Democrat in Washington will question his word.

"The Democrats point to the recent rise in the price of sugar trust stocks as an evidence that the new schedule is more favorable to the refining monopoly than the present law, but that is a mere supposition. When the Wilson bill was pending in congress the trust made heavy importations of raw sugar in anticipation of the increase of the duty from nothing to 40 per cent ad valorem. On these heavy importations the trust saved duties amounting to $17,000,000 or thereabouts. That was clear profit for the trusts, and as soon as the Wilson bill had become a law the shares of the trust rose in price rapidly.

"Practically the same thing is happening now. The trust has made heavy anticipatory imports of raw sugar, and it is estimated that it will get a profit of about $11,000,000 by saving the extra duty, whatever it may be, on that sugar. That is one of the reasons why the price of sugar trust shares has risen. Another reason is the general improvement of the stock market.

"The new bill seems to be as good a one as could have been drawn under the circumstances. It may not provide for the complete destruction of the sugar trust and other trusts. But, as Mr Dingley declared, trusts can not be destroyed by epithets. 'The way to break down the trust,' he declared, 'is to establish a beet sugar factory in every congressional district and make competition. That is the way to clip the wings of the trust.'

"And that is what the new tariff law will do, it is asserted."

Let us call the attention of the reader to this editorial. Never were there such brazen lies as are contained in this article. The Leader says Mr Dingley made a statement of the truth in the first part and that they dared any one to deny that he is an honest man and claims everybody believed him. The Leader says it believed him. The claim was that the new tariff bill had reduced the tariff on sugar from 22½ cents a hundred pounds to 12½ cents a hundred, a reduction of 10 cents a hundred pounds made by the Republican house, and therefore the Leader would have the people believe that the gigantic monopoly has been circumvented by the Republican congress. But the Leader in this editorial says that when the Wilson bill was pending in congress the trust made heavy importation of raw sugar in anticipation of the increase of the duty from nothing to 40 per cent ad valorem and thus realized profits to the trust of $17,000,000. The Leader says that this is practically what is happening now. The trust made heavy anticipatory imports of raw sugar and it is estimated that it will get a profit of about $11,000,000 by saving the extra duty on that sugar. So imports under the Wilson bill at 40 cents less per hundred is the reason why the price of sugar trust shares has [illegible]

Now, if the Dingley tariff bill reduces the tariff on raw sugar from 22½ cents to 12½ cents per hundred pounds how can the sugar trust make $11,000,000 by importing raw sugar under the high tariff of the Wilson bill? Users and fools may believe this sort of stuff, an intelligent man never will. The fact of it is the sugar trust fixed the tariff legislation on sugar and this fact being known to Wall street and those interested resulted in the advance of the price of the stocks of the sugar trust. And yet the Leader has undertaken the gigantic task of making people believe that the sugar trust is getting its wings clipped by the Dingley bill in reducing the tariff on raw sugar.

In the same issue of the Cleveland Leader is the report from Wall street in a dispatch dated New York, July 20 which is as follows:

"The stock market, after considerable early activity and strength closed firm below best prices, but at fractional net gains. The strength in Sugar, Lead and Tobacco was in anticipation of the benefits to be derived from the new tariff. The sugar company having secured a most acceptable schedule passed by the house and presented to the senate failed to justify the fears of a sensational break entertained by some traders after yesterday's 8 per cent advance, and, on the contrary opened up 1¾ per cent. Subsequently it scored an extreme gain for the day of 4½, establishing a new record of 146¼, and thereafter gradually declining, closing with a net gain of 2¼."

In the following editorial from the Cleveland Plain Dealer, July 21, will be found the facts in the case, which can not be denied nor is it an overdrawn exhibit:

"The sugar trust knows what the rates in the tariff really mean as affecting the profits of the trust. The public can get an idea of the comparative value of the various sugar schedules to the trust by noting the changes in the selling price of the sugar trust shares.

"Under the existing tariff sugar trust shares in 1896 went at one time as low as 95.

"The Dingley tariff bill passed the house March 31 and the next day sugar trust shares in New York were at 110¾.

"The senate finance committee's amended tariff bill was reported to the senate May 4. On the following day sugar trust shares were at 115⅝.

"During the discussion in the senate the sugar schedule was again changed. The bill passed the senate with the altered sugar rates July 7. Next day the sugar trust shares sold at 127.

"Last week the bill was in conference and there were reports of changes in the sugar schedule. July 16 the trust shares sold at 134.

"On July 19 the conference committee reported to the house the compromise bill with a new sugar schedule asserted to be less friendly to the trust than the senate bill. The passage of the compromise was an absolute certainty, and the trust shares shot up to 146¼.

"Sugar trust shares had gone up more than 32 per cent on the price at which they had sold under the Wilson-Gorman tariff, they had advanced more than 30 per cent on the selling price at the passage of the Dingley bill [illegible] had enhanced in [illegible] over 11 per cent since the [illegible] of the senate [illegible] some up 10 points [illegible] an advance of 8 per cent on the selling price of three days before the passage of the conference report in the house on Monday.

"It will be hard to make the people believe that the sugar trust did not write or influence the writing, of the various sugar schedules, from the original Dingley bill to the conference committee report. That the trust lost nothing in the successive changes can be inferred from the continuous upward movement of the shares. The fact that the greatest jump was after the report of the conference committee carries its own comment.

"The claim that the advance in the value in the sugar trust shares is but the effect of the general improvement in the market value of stocks will not hold in the face of the evidence of the stock list. Here are the changes in the current rates on the New York Stock Exchange of twenty-four ordinary stocks, railroad and industrials reported in the Plain Dealer's list of operations April 1 and July 19, the first date thereafter following the passage of the Dingley and the last that of the report to the house of the conference committee, and

	Higher	Lower
Atchison	[illegible]	[illegible]
C. C. C. & St. L.	[illegible]	[illegible]
Canadian Southern	7¼	[illegible]
C. B. & Q.	[illegible]	[illegible]
Delaware & Hudson	97½D.	[illegible]
D. L. & W.	5½	[illegible]
Gen. Electric	3	[illegible]
Louisville & Nashville	[illegible]	[illegible]
Missouri Pacific	[illegible]	[illegible]
Northwestern	[illegible]	[illegible]
N. Y. Central	[illegible]¼	[illegible]
Omaha	[illegible]	[illegible]
Leather pref.	[illegible]¼	[illegible]
Pacific Mail	[illegible]	[illegible]
Reading	[illegible]	[illegible]
Rock Island	1[illegible]½	[illegible]
St. Paul	1[illegible]⅝	[illegible]
Union Pacific	[illegible]½	[illegible]
Western Union	2⅜	[illegible]
Chicago Gas	16⅞	[illegible]
Manhattan	7⅝	[illegible]
American Tobacco	5	
Sugar Trust	[illegible]	

The average advance of the twenty-four stocks other than the sugar trust was [illegible] per cent. The highest of the twenty-four was the Chicago Gas stock 16⅞ per cent, the sugar trust advanced 32¾ points.

This sample lie from the Cleveland Leader is an evidence of the kind of rot that is to be given to the intelligent people by the venal agents and press sachers of Hanna during the campaign in Ohio.

Organize!

Get your silver clubs in line.

The light is on and it will be to a finish.

The "G. O. P." stands for Grand Old Prosperity.

Old Blue Beard Hanna is at the castle gates of Ohio.

Let the campaign of education begin at once in the school districts.

Hanna's headquarters are in Cleveland. The bindquarters will be in Columbus or thereabouts.

Hanna's prosperity has again broken loose in his paid press. It always comes just before the election.

Why is it that some Republican papers in Ohio are running big slices of glue from Hanna's factory, and others are being stoned?

All persons desiring money will apply to the Boss at Cleveland. Those interested in the wind department should call at the G. O. P. headquarters in Columbus.

If the cause of free silver is beaten in Ohio this fall it will be its death knell. He who is not for Chapman and free silver is for Hanna, corruption and abject slavery.

Little McKinley is coming to Ohio to be Boss Hanna's guest. The old man can't trust his puppet to be away from him too long. He might do something for the people, and this would be impolitic and wicked.

Butler and Hoar.

Ben Butler, in a case in the Massachusetts supreme court involving damages for fatal injury, Senator Hoar being on the other side, quoted Job, "All that a man hath will he give for his life." "That," said Mr. Hoar, "was a plea of the devil in a motion for a new trial, and I don't think the court will be more impressed by it on account of its modern indorsement."

BARN BURNED.

Both Fire Departments Called Out This Afternoon.

About 1:25 o'clock this afternoon flames were seen shooting skyward from J. S. Mumaugh's barn at the rear of his residence on Harrison avenue. An alarm was sent in from box 34 at Elm street and Harrison avenue, calling out both departments. Two lines of hose had to be connected before the flames could be reached with a stream of water and by that time the fire had gained considerable headway, and considerable damage was done to the building and the contents that had not been removed.

The origin of the fire is unknown. A barn in the same location was destroyed by fire about a year ago.

Sheriff Sales.

Lot No. 2, Lima, to John Langan $885.

Lot 208, Spencerville, to Farmers Bank, Spencerville, $184.

On lots 30 and 31, in Lafayette, there were no bids.

A little daughter of Mr. Lewis Dayton, an old and much respected citizen of Barnitz, Pa., occasionally has trouble with her stomach which gives her considerable distress. In speaking of it Mr. Dayton said "As soon as she has an attack we give her a dose of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarhœa Remedy, and it has never failed to relieve her promptly. We all use it in our family with the same good results." For sale by Melville, the druggist, old postoffice corner; C. W. Heister, 58 public square.

Honorable Charles A. Towne

will address a mass meeting of the allied silver forces of Ohio at New Auditorium in Columbus Tuesday evening, August 10. One-half fare rates on all railroads. Towne is the greatest orator and most logical thinker of America to-day. All those who favor one ticket for the one great object, Bimetallism, and genuine prosperity for the masses, should hear Towne. 4-2t

Porter & Son Yesterday Received

Direct from the factory two new Steck pianos: one in mahogany, the other in walnut. They are the finest ever brought to this city and something entirely new in design. It will well repay you to see them.

The Lima Real Estate Company

Has lots in Hughes addition, South Lima. tf

Everybody Goes North via the Detroit & Lima Northern R. R.

The following very low rates will enable everyone to visit Detroit and the great lakes at very little cost.

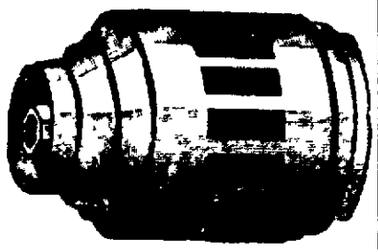
75 cents Lima to Detroit and return, good going and returning Sunday.

$1.00, Lima to Detroit and return, good going Sunday and returning Monday.

$1.50, Lima to Detroit and return, good going Saturday and returning Monday.

Call up D. & L. N. office by 'phone for full information. 3-2t

NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®
NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®



AUGUST CLEARANCE SALE

—OF—

SHOES AND OXFORDS!

We intend to close out ALL OXFORDS AND SLIPPERS and as many regular makes of SHOES as possible during August. We have put prices on them that will make them go This is the most GIGANTIC CUT IN PRICES that we have inaugurated in Lima. Let every body come and see.

THE HUB SHOE STORE.

135 N. Main St., Lima, O.

WANTED.

FOR RENT—An unfurnished room at 219 east Market street. 4 3t

FOR SALE—HORSE—Good carriage or buggy horse, for sale at 568 west Spring street tf

WANTED—A good girl for general housework apply Monday at 613 west Spring street MRS W F BOOMAN 1t

WANTED—A girl for general housework at 796 south Main street tf

WANTED—Reliable man, fair education for position of trust $60 per month and expenses, $100 cash investment required Address Opportunity this office

FOR RENT—Two suites nicely furnished rooms for gentlemen or man and wife without children Call at 143 west Wayne street 3 3t

WANTED—A baker to introduce a quick selling article to the trade Big pay F WELLERMAN & CO., 56 to 76 Churchill St., Chicago Ill

FOR SALE—The buildings as they stand on box factory grounds, north Union street Apply at office of American Strawboard Co tf

FOR RENT—Flat of five rooms bath, hot and cold water, natural and artificial gas and good well water Also one furnished bedroom for gentleman with privilege of bath Enquire at 213½ south Main street 4 3t* CLARA METZGER.

FOR RENT—A modern eight-room house A complete home, with all conveniences—furnace bath interior closet, cistern cellar Convenient to car line Enquire at TIMES DEMOCRAT office. 1 6t

RESOLUTIONS

Adopted by the W. R. C. in Memory of Mrs David Applas

Resolutions of respect passed by the Mart Armstrong W. R. C No 94 in memory of our charter members, Mary L Applas, Aug 7, 1897

Whereas, Our Heavenly Father has deemed it best to take home our friend and comrade, Mary L Applas, therefore be it

Resolved, That while we mourn the loss of her companionship, we rejoice in her triumphant death and release from suffering. That we recognize her many excellent qualities of heart and mind, and that we cherish her memory as that of a sympathetic, intelligent and loving companion and co worker, and a true woman and faithful christian, and that we ever prize the example of her life

Resolved, That we extend our sympathy to the bereaved family, whose home has been made desolate and their hearts saddened by the death of a true wife and loving mother. May we bow in humble submission to the will of Him who doeth all things well.

Resolved, That our charter be draped for thirty days; that a copy of these resolutions be sent to the family and to each city daily paper, and also spread upon the minutes

COMMITTEE

Some years ago when suffering with an uncommonly severe attack of diarrhœa, Mr W. B Guinip, of Atco, Pa, received through the mail a sample bottle of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhœa Remedy He says "I found it to be one of the most effective remedies I ever used It gave me almost immediate relief It has no superior and I think no equal. No bad effects follow the use of this remedy It is pleasant to take when reduced with water and sweetened Children like it It never fails It is the most perfect remedy ever produced for bowel complaints" For sale at 25 and 50 cents per bottle by Melville, the druggist, old postoffice corner C W Heister, 5s public square

If You Want a Home

Already built, or a lot upon which to build, call at The Lima Real Estate Company's office, over TIMES DEMOCRAT office, from 7 to 8, Monday, Wednesday and Friday evenings

Hear Rev. Dr. Cal M. Williams,

Of Des Moines, Iowa "Evangelist, Lecturer," and "Bible Chalk Talker," at the Second Baptist Church, Lima, Sunday, August 8th, at 11 a m, 3 p m and 8 p m. Bible Chalk Talk at 3 p. m.

The Lima Real Estate Company

Sells lots on small payments and long time. tf

CHOLERA INFANTUM

Caused the Death of Two Little Children To-day

Edward Myron the three year old and only son of Mr and Mrs Lige Stickney, died at 5 o clock this morning from cholera infantum, after six days illness The child's mother is just recovering from an attack of malarial fever

The funeral services will be held from the Congregational church at 2 o'clock to-morrow afternoon, and the remains will be interred in Woodlawn cemetery

The two-year old child of Mr and Mrs John Huber, of 132 Scott street, died at 11 o'clock to-day from cholera infantum. Arrangements for the funeral services have not been completed

GARDEN PARTIES.

(Continued From Eighth Page)

the week was the thimble party yesterday, given by Miss Harriet McCoy. The forty young women chatted merrily over their fancy work upon the veranda and lawn until tea time, when they were seated at little tables in parlor and dining room and then were entertained by hearing a pleasing little musical programme of five numbers

Piano Solo ... Miss Katharyn Sargent
Reading ... Mrs McWilliams and the Lightning ... Miss Helen Coss
Song ... Day Dreams ... Edna Burton.
Piano Solo ... Miss Susie Humeson
Song ... Miss Bessie Reichelderfer

A number of from out of town guests included Miss Gatman, of Philadelphia; Miss Coss, of Crawfordsville; Miss Bousler, of Steubenville, Miss McClurg, of Sidney, and Miss Winsboro, of Allentown, Pa.

Mrs. James Bastable and Miss Bessie Riddle, of Ada, were the guests of friends in our city yesterday.

Wednesday and Thursday, Mildred and Ruth Townsend entertained a merry quartet of girls at a house party Marion Aves of Norwalk; Nella Richie, Madge Ewing and Fannie Wise.

Mrs Lockhart and daughter Hazel and sister, Mrs Wolf, of Oil City, left yesterday for a visit with relatives at Kenton, O.

Miss Madge Mitchell is visiting her aunt, Mrs. Joseph Jones, in Muncie, Ind, and has been the guest of honor at a number of pretty social affairs among the girls, during her stay.

Mr. Laskey, of Toledo, has been the guest of Harry Macdonald, of west Spring street, this week.

Last week a number of progressive women who are interested in up to date housekeeping were pleasantly entertained at the hospitable home of Mrs. Vail and enjoyed seeing a test of cooking of cereals and vegetables in an aluminum kettle. The work was quite interesting, and the judgment of the ladies present was that the kettle was an economical cooking utensil. They are being introduced in the city by a Mr Schraeder, who is endeavoring to pay his way through college by selling them

Old People.

Old people who require medicine to regulate the bowels and kidneys will find the true remedy in Electric Bitters. This medicine does not stimulate and contains no whiskey nor other intoxicant, but acts as a tonic and alterative It acts mildly on the stomach and bowels, adding strength and giving tone to the organs, thereby aiding Nature in the performance of the functions. Electric Bitters is an excellent appetizer and aids digestion. Old People find it just exactly what they need. Price fifty cents and $1.00 at H. F. Vortkamp's Drug Store, n. e. cor. Main and North sts.

SABBATH SERVICES.

GERMAN REFORMED CHURCH,

on west Wayne street. Sunday school at 9 a m. Sermon at 10 a m C E. at 6 p. m All are welcome C BAUM, Pastor

WEST LIMA MISSION CHURCH,

corner High and Cole streets. Sunday school at 2 p m. COMMITTEE.

ZION'S EVANGELICAL LUTHERAN CHURCH,

North Union street. Sunday school at 9 a m English services at 10 15 a m and 7 30 p m. Morning theme "As many as are led by the Spirit of God, they are the Sons of God." Evening theme, "Laodicea, a Lukewarm Chsistianity" Luther League at 7 p. m topic, "Good Works." This will be the last evening service and league meeting until September. All are welcome.

F. W. ROHLFING, Pastor.

MAIN ST PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH

Sabbath school at 9 15 a m. No other services on the Sabbath on account of the pastor's absence Prayer service at 7 45 Thursday evening All made welcome.

MAIN STREET CHURCH OF CHRIST.

Bible school, 9 15. Preaching at 10 30 a m and 7 30 p. m Junior Endeavor, 3 p. m. Senior Endeavor, 6 30 All are cordially invited to attend these services

J. P MYERS, Pastor.

MARKET ST PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,

corner west Market and West streets Sunday school, 11 30 a m. Y P S. C E, 6 30 p m Prayer meeting Thursday evening at 7 30.

CALVARY REFORMED CHURCH,

East High street and Park avenue Regular services during the day Sabbath school at 9 15 a m and preaching at 10 30 a m. Teachers meeting at 6 30 p m and preaching at 7 30 p m You are cordially invited FRED CLOMER, Pastor

FIRST BAPTIST CHURCH,

on Tanner street, between east Market and east High streets Rev C M. Rupe, pastor. 9 15, Sunday school 10 30 preaching by the pastor 6 30, Young People's Union All are invited to this meeting no other evening services Prayer meeting on Thursday evening at 7 30

ST PAUL'S LUTHERAN CHURCH

Sunday school at 9 a. m. Preaching at 10 a m and 7 p m

REV. CHARLES S KOHLER, Pastor.

EPWORTH M E CHURCH,

east Market street Preaching at 10 a m. and 7 30 p m. Sunday school, 9 a m. Epworth League at 6 30 p m. Prayer meeting Thursday night A cordial welcome to all.

F. A. ZIMMERMAN, Pastor.

CHURCH OF CHRIST,

West Wayne street. Preaching at 10 30 a. m. and 7 30 p. m Sunday school at 9 15 a. m. Junior C. E at 4 30 p m. and Y. P. S C. E at 6 30 p. m. You are cordially invited to attend all the services, and do not forget the social at David East's, Tuesday evening.

C. A. HILL, Pastor.

FIRST CONGREGATIONAL CHURCH,

Elizabeth street, near Market. The pastor will preach at 10 a. m Bible school, including pastor's class and Welsh class at 10 50 a. m. Y. P. S. C. E. at 6 30 p m. Strangers cordially welcomed.

I J. SWANSON, B. D., Pastor.

CHRIST CHURCH,

corner North and West streets Morning prayer and semi choral service at 10 a. m. conducted by the choir Offertory solo, "Come Unto Me," by Mrs. Flora Williams. All are welcome There will be no Sunday school session or evening service during absence of the rector

DISEASES OF THE SKIN.

The intense itching and smarting incident to eczema, tetter, salt-rheum, and other diseases of the skin is instantly allayed by applying Chamberlain's Eye and Skin Ointment. Many very bad cases have been permanently cured by it. It is equally efficient for itching piles and a favorite remedy for sore nipples, chapped hands, chilblains, frost bites, and chronic sore eyes. For sale by druggists at 25 cents per box.

Try Dr Cady's Condition Powders, they reguest what a horse needs when in bad condition. Fine blood purifier and vermifuge.

MAYOR'S PROCLAMATION.

To Whom it May Concern.

Weeds

On the sidewalks, in vacant lots and on private property must be removed at once by property owners. If not attended to promptly a way will be found to have it done and the expense taxed to the property.

Bicycles on Sidewalks:

There are a few persons who presistently violate the ordinance regulating the riding of bicycles on the sidewalks. Evidence is accumulating against these persons, and when presented the penalties will be rigidly enforced

Bells and Lamps:

An ordinance requiring bells and lamps is now in full force, and all wheelmen are expected to at once comply with its provisions.

Stock:

Many persons are pasturing their stock on vacant property without properly tethering. Animals running at large will be driven to the city yards, and the owners charged for their recovery.

Sewer Connections:

Notices were issued from this office some weeks since, directing all sewer and water connections on certain streets to be at once put in. Many persons are giving no heed to these notices If not done at once by individuals, it will be done by the city at the expense of the property holders. Permits must be obtained of the city clerk.

Building Permits

Are required for all new structures, or repairs to old ones, and must be procured at the clerk's office before proceeding to build, or to store material on the streets.

Attention to these various matters may save persons interested annoyance and expense.

S. A. BAXTER, Mayor.

2-3t

You Can Depend On It

That Foley's Colic and Diarrhœa Cure is an instant relief for colic, summer complaint, cholera morbus, diarrhœa, bloody flux, chronic diarrhœa, cholera infantum, bilious colic, painters' colic and all bowel complaints. 25c and 50c H. F Vortkamp, n. e. cor Main and North sts.

ABOUT PEOPLE.

Who They Are, Where They Have Been or Are Going.

Geo Moss is spending a few days at Mackinac.

Mrs Alex Miller is visiting friends in Glendale

Mrs Dr Light of Ottawa, was in the city to-day

Mr and Mrs. I J Ewing left today for Mackinac.

H. E Pintler, of St Marys, is stopping at the Cambridge.

Jake Stolzenbach was in Wapakoneta yesterday afternoon.

Mrs. M B Evy and son left to-day to visit friends in Woodville.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Disman returned last evening from Put-in-Bay

Miss Anna Keutnan is visiting the family of Jacob Paul in Botkins.

Mr and Mrs. W. L. Parmenter left yesterday for a trip up the lakes.

Mr. and Mrs. Louie Shenk, of Celina, are visiting friends in this city.

John Bingham left to-day for Johnson's Island to visit the camp of Co. O

Mrs. Anna Wollett, of south Jackson street, is visiting friends in Mercer county.

Mrs. James Bastable and Miss Bessie Riddle have been visiting Mrs. W. W. Butler.

Chas Faupel, formerly of this city, now a resident of Waukesna, Wis., is here on business.

Sup't and Mrs. C. O. Miller and family have returned from an extended trip East.

Miss Clara Risser, of this city, has returned from a visit with relatives in Columbus Grove

Mrs. P. M. Crow, of Kenton, is visiting her sister, Mrs J. M. Arndt, of 518 north Main street.

Miss Caroline Levis has gone to Zellenople, Pa., being called there by the serious illness of a relative.

Mrs. C. F. Yakey, of west Market street, is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Thomas, in Sidney.

Mrs. Dora Patterson, of Paris, France, is the guest of her mother, Mrs Clara Metzgar, of south Main street.

Mrs. Doe, who has been visiting Mrs. Evy and family, of St. Johns avenue, returned to her home at Toledo to-day.

Earl Bressler, George Wood, Ralph White and Carl Reis will go to the Lewistown reservoir to-night, to spend Sunday.

Wm. Fickle, of 525 Franklin street, went to Toledo this morning to return with his family, who have been visiting there.

Mrs. Charles Richmond, of 444 north Elizabeth street, has returned home after a visit with relatives and friends in Dayton.

Wm Klein, who is studying for the ministry at Lancaster, Pa., is spending his summer vacation with his brother in this city.

Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Morvilius and daughter Evangeline, of east Market street, will leave this evening on a visit to Ft. Wayne, Ind.

W. H Marshall, of east Market street, who has been laid up with rheumatism for several months, has gone to Mt Clemens, Mich, to take treatment.

Stop drugging yourself with quack nostrums or "cures." Get a well-known pharmaceutical remedy that will do the work. Catarrh and Cold in the head will not cause suffering if Ely's Cream Balm is used. Druggists will supply 10c trial size, or 50c full size. We mail it.
ELY BROS., 56 Warren St. N. Y. City

Rev. John Reid, Jr, of Great Falls, Mont., recommended Ely's Cream Balm to me. I can emphasize his statement, "It is a positive cure for catarrh if used as directed."—Rev. Francis W. Poole, Pastor Central Pres. Church, Helena, Mont.

OIL AND GAS

THE MARKET.

North Lima	47
South Lima	42
Indiana	62
Pennsylvania	77

OVER IN INDIANA.

A dispatch from Montpelier says Operations are looking up in the great Indiana oil field, and the outlook is for the opening up of several extensive pools along the famous gas belt. Would the price of the Indiana product advance to a living price the drill would be pushed with a vengeance by the many oil operators of the state. The price now paid by the Standard Oil Company agent here, the Buckeye Pipe Line Company, is so small that a great many of the operators are afraid to venture much outside of what appears to be the sure territory mark This is simply the reason that the extensive pools are not being developed at the present time, the price of the product and that alone. If the Indiana Pipe Line Co and the Manhattan Oil Co. would advance the price a few cents above the price paid by the great big concern, then the Indiana operators could look for a future, but it seems as though the two companies are afraid to do anything to hurt the feelings of the Standard Competition in this great field is what is wanted at the present time, and it is too bad that there is not a company that would have stamina enough to buck the larger concern, as oil can be furnished for purposes at close to the dollar mark. It is true that some company is furnishing fuel oil at a much lower figure, but it goes through the refinery before the fuel people get hold of it, so that it is not pure crude The indications are now good for the opening up of an oil field in the vicinity of Broad Ripple, and all the new district wants is to be given a thorough test.

REYNO H. TREAT

DRY GOODS

209 NORTH MAIN ST.

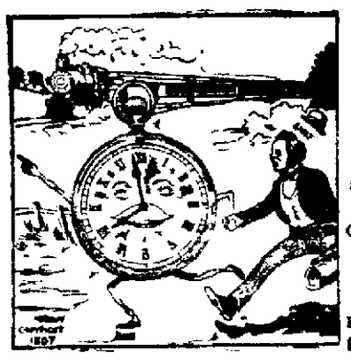
209 NORTH MAIN ST.

Ladies' Shirt Waists.

ONLY 25c.

Goods worth and sold for 75c and $1.00. Only a few left, and we have made a deep cut to close them all out this week. Buy now, they are very cheap and you have three months to wear them.

REYNO H. TREAT



A Good Watch Will Help You!

Is yours satisfactory?

We have never seen the watch that could not be made to keep time

We guarantee satisfaction Can we do more?

We tell you this.

Others tell the same.

If you are not prejudiced or a doubting Thomas, you will bring your watch to us.

MACDONALD & CO., OLD POSTOFFICE. 147 NORTH MAIN STREET

IT IS DISCREDITED.

(Continued From Eighth Page)

be very willing to have both roads built, and if it is done we will be able to prove the relative advantages of the two systems.'

NOTES.

Fireman Ballard, of the C H & D., is taking a vacation.

The C. & E. has two gravel trains spreading gravel at Alger

Engineer McMahon, of the C, H. & D, is visiting his family in Dayton.

Engineer Warner, of the C, H & D., is laying off on account of sickness.

Switchmen James and Gordon, of the C. & E, are able to be about again.

J Wright, of the C, H & D machine shops, is laying off on account of sickness.

J. Tumes, of the C., H & D. machine shop, is still laying off on account of sickness.

Brakeman Winters, of the L E & W, is working on east local, in Barney Trembla's place.

J J. Murphy, an employe of the C, H & D. machine shop, is laying off on account of sickness.

Mr. Snyder, stenographer to general superintendent Turner, of the C, H. & D, was in the city to-day.

Fireman Ireland, of the C, H & D, has returned from a fishing trip. He reports great catches, but no one has been found who saw any of the fish

C F Daley, general passenger agent of the Lake Erie & Western, accompanied by his family, have gone to the Atlantic seaboard, where he will spend his vacation.

Freight agent W. M. Segar, of the L E & W R R, has gone to Port Huron, Yale and other Michigan points, for his health. W L Mott will officiate as agent during his absence

Capt J. B Kirk, of the C, H & D shops, was out riding the other night, and the next morning when he entered the shops he was smiling like a boy with a new pair of red top boots

Ocean rates on freights in the last ten days have advanced 5 cents per 100 pounds, and the steamship companies decline to name the rates for September, which leads local freight men to expect further advances.

The largest interlocking switch tower in the United States has just been completed at Dalton, the junction of the Panhandle, Chicago & Eastern Illinois, the Calumet terminal and the Chicago, Hammond and Western roads. It has seventy-seven levers for the handling of the witches.

SUMMER DRESSES WASHED

In a way to preserve the most delicate coloring and will not harm the finest fabrics No injurious compounds used Nothing but good, hard, honest labor, which includes lots of pure soap and many rinsings

ENTERPRISE STEAM LAUNDRY.

Attention Oil Men!

"HOW TO SAVE TIME ON DRILLING WELLS!"

You must know there is a big loss of Power from your belts slipping. Well, we can stop that and so can you. If you will use GREEN SEAL BELT DRESSING on your belts.

Read what those drillers say

INDIANAPOLIS, IND., Feb 20, '97.

Your Dressing is just the thing; it covers wear on machinery, and with it we can run a belt that would tear in two if we had to make it tight enough to hold without the Dressing. It is not a good thing for belt manufacturers, but it is a "DAISY" for the users of belts. Besides we have no slipping now.

Yours,
GILCHRIST & GOLDRICH

We send it out on trial and guarantee it to do all we claim for it.

Write us for a can of it.

PHŒNIX OIL CO.,
Quincy Block - - Cleveland, Ohio

MONEY TO LOAN

AT 6 PER CENT, in sums of $300 up, on FARM LANDS and CITY PROPERTY. Loans made for long time with privilege of paying all or part at any interest day LOANS MADE AT ONCE Call on us when you want CHEAP money on EASY terms

LIMA MORTGAGE LOAN CO
Rooms 1 and 2 Metropolitan Blk, Lima
D C HENDERSON, Attorney

MONEY TO LOAN

We have a large sum of money to loan on city property and improved farm lands at the VERY LOWEST RATE OF INTEREST with the privilege of paying part or all at any interest paying day Persons wishing CHEAP MONEY and on SHORT NOTICE will find it will be to their interest to call on

C. H. FOLSOM,
Real Estate and Loan Broker
Room No 2 and 3, Holmes Block,
dw 5-15 1y

Have Your Teeth

Filled by Dr. Chase. Office open evenings till 8 o'clock Metropolitan block. w 6 tf

NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®

THE DAILY DEMOCRAT, LIMA, OHIO, SATURDAY, AUGUST 7, 1897.

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A

WEEK,

The . . .

Daily

Times-

Democrat.

The

Largest,

Newsiest

and

Leading

Paper

of

Lima.

A CRUMBLING FABRIC

OUR SO CALLED CIVILIZATION RESTS ON A ROTTEN FOUNDATION.

A Friendly and Reasonable Criticism of "Pure and Simple" Trades Unionism. Statistics Which Bear on the Subject. The First Thing Needed I Free Land.

(Special Correspondence.)

One of our most prominent labor leaders has recently given in a short editorial his views on the principal reform movements of the day. He says that they are nothing but "brilliant charges from military brigades" and have no meaning in relation to the war of labor for labor's rights or labor emancipation. That leader has no faith in anything outside the mere organization of labor men in large masses, so that in due time they may be able to fix the respective rate of wages they should obtain. This is what has been thoroughly tried for about 30 years in this nation and for about 50 years in England. Has success been so wonderful as to show that nothing else is needed for labor to be emancipated? Let us see what history has to say on the subject.

A paper from Canada gave us in November, 1896, some curious data taken from a report of the London board of trade. While the total earnings of the nation for 1848 were £520,000,000, of which wages were £278,000,000, the balance being interest, rents and profits, in 1893 the earnings were £1,300,000,000, of which wages, £338,000,000, and balance, £962,000,000, were interest, rent and profits. During those 34 years of labor organizations in England wages increased 25 per cent and the interest, rent and profits increased 400 per cent in general round totals. All that refers to a period during which the problem of the unemployed had not yet assumed the acute and dangerous form of the last 10 or 12 years anywhere. We can hardly then suppose that wages have gained much if any since 1893.

Our lovely capitalists on this side have recently given us some data indirectly corroborating the tendency of that we have mentioned from our brethren across the ocean. We had in 1896 a little over 1,000,000 firms doing business. Out of them we sent about 16,000 into bankruptcy and nearly 184,000 had to close up their business rather than go to the wall. About 80 per cent of the latter had committed the crime of having less than $5,000 capital, and 14 per cent had only been criminal enough to have less than $20,000 capital.

Consider now the marvelous beauty of an industrial system which virtually tells all small capitalists up to $20,000 that they shall only be able to live from five to ten years, as an average, when they shall be smashed. Is that industrial system going to be more merciful to the men without capital, to those who can only expect to live by setting their power to serve some master, when happy enough to find a master willing to give them what may possibly keep the worker and his family alive?

Of course we all want labor organizations to grow in numbers year after year, until they embrace as many workers as possible in all industrial branches, but not growth in numbers alone. What is that without growth in sense? No useful, permanent victories are ever gained without the help of solid ideas, and there was never a historical period in which solid ideas were more indispensable than today. They have been so indispensable for the last 30 or 40 years that, because we have not had them, we find ourselves in a ditch far deeper than that of the serfs or chattel slaves of old times. Even the average good and healthy black male adult was worth about $1,000 in cash 40 years ago. What is the value of a healthy, strong male adult wage slave today? He is worth nothing, because we can let them starve by the thousand and don't need to employ them at all.

Reflect only at the folly that we may be able to fix the wages of the workers as long as they remain kicked out of the land in which they have to live and work. It could not be done before the problem of the unemployed became important. How is it going to be done when that problem is growing and is bound to grow because of the inevitable growth in inventions by which the average man becomes less and less indispensable to the average employer? Add to that the fact of less and less employers being needed, as shown by the second set of figures we have given, which implies more and more men forced to beg for labor from the fewer remaining employers, and what is the prospect for any consolidation of laboring men to dictate to their masters the wages they should pay? None whatever as long as those masters are backed and fortified with the iniquity of land monopoly, from which all other monopolies spring up. How can it be otherwise when no industries or commerce and no life, as we know it, are possible without land, by which we mean the whole earth and not merely farm land or anything like it?

The two sets of figures we have given and others we could give, besides the whole march of modern civilization—all that is nothing but history, telling us with the voice of thunder that the whole wage system must be swept out of existence if humanity is to be anything but the laughing stock of the angels and archangels in heaven. Even the demons in the lower regions—if there be such anywhere—must be laughing heartily at the men who today are yet feeding themselves with the illusion of emancipating labor through merely trying to fix the rates of wages and find nothing better in any of the principal reform movements advocated by groups of thinkers who if not right are at least entitled to know how they can be right.

JOSE GROS.

ARBITRATION.

Bits of History on the Subject by the Author of the Ohio Law

Tribunals to try the disputes between workmen and employers are the results of the same progressive evolution which has characterized every branch of science, art, commerce and industry. They are the outgrowth of the elevation of labor. Arbitration is applied Christianity. It is the golden rule put into action and the abandonment of the business rule of modern life, "You do others and I'll do you." In 1846 John Bright made a speech on the factory bill in the British parliament. He then prophesied the era of arbitration in these words, "The working classes would every day become more powerful and intelligent, not by violent combinations or collisions with their employers, but by a national union among themselves, by reasoning with their employers and by the cooperation of all classes."

There has been a marvelous stride in the industrial world in the last third of a century concerning arbitration. Much more progress has been made in England and on the continent than in our own country. The governments of Europe as well as her manufacturers and capitalists have applied more thought and action to the settlement of labor disputes than we Americans have. In England there are not only tribunals of arbitration created by law, but all the great industrial sections have had their own voluntary boards for years. The Glasgow potters since 1860 have had their own board, three workingmen and three manufacturers. This scheme has succeeded in 90 out of 100 cases. There are boards of arbitration in the Staffordshire potteries, the Leicester hosiery trade, the iron trade of the north of England, the south Staffordshire iron trade, the Nottingham lace trade and every other important industry in England. France has her conseils des prud'hommes (councils of wise men), which, although existing in some form since 1293, were reorganized by the first Napoleon at the request of the workingmen of Lyons in 1806 in order to put an end by means of reconciliation to the disputes which arise daily between employers and workmen or between foremen and workmen and apprentices.

Thus the birth of arbitration can be located at Lyons. Similar councils were rapidly established in other trade centers in 1807. They were established in Rouen and Nismes; in 1808 at Avignon, Carcassonne, Mulhouse, Sedan, Thiers and Troyes; in 1809 and 1810 at Reims and Marseilles. In 1813 there were 27 of these councils in France. They have developed wonderfully with marked success. In the early days, when strikes were frequent, they did much to satisfy the demands of the French workingmen. In 1847 there were 69 of these councils, and in that year they took jurisdiction of 19,271 disputes between employer and workmen. Of this number they adjusted 17,951 by conciliation and arbitration. Of 28,000 disputes in 1850 they settled 26,800. At the present time there are over 150 of these boards of arbitration, for that is what they are in France. The principal questions decided by these boards relate to wages, hours of labor and condition of employment. Belgium has a similar institution. In Germany trade disputes are settled by statutory boards and also voluntary tribunals created by the various trades. In Italy there is a law providing for conciliation and arbitration. The decrees of the Italian boards are enforcible by law, but subject to appeal.

In the United States and among American workingmen the settlement of labor disputes by arbitration has always been popular. The opposition usually comes from the employer. But capital must learn to live not for profit alone, but should remember that labor is its handmaid, and profit at the unjust expense of the laborer is a moral as well as social crime. The principle of appealing to the judgment, intelligence and fair play of a tribunal without the ceremony of technicality of courts is peculiarly adapted to the American workingman.—Daniel J. Ryan in New York Journal.

Sovereign Is For Harmony.

I would suggest that the officers of labor organizations purge themselves of ill will toward each other, forgive and forget the past and all meet in secret conference in Columbus, O., Aug. 1 or at some other time and place more agreeable, there to formulate plans for the relief of those who have reposed in us the confidence that we would lead the way to industrial freedom. If in this supreme moment we cannot rise above the jealousy and bickering that have factionalized the labor movement in the past and work together in the bond of a universal brotherhood for the common good of all, we are unworthy of the trust confided to us, and the sooner our constituents elect a new set of leaders the better it will be for the toiling masses.—James R. Sovereign.

A Sunless and Joyless Life.

No class of laborers enlists as instant and as hearty sympathy as do the coal miners. The most of their life is spent in low, grimy, dimly lighted caverns at severe and monotonous toil. Time ought soon to come when only convicts and the utter failures and incompetents will be condemned to this sunless and joyless life of the mines. Meanwhile every uplifting force in our social system ought to be directed to aiding the miners to get decent wages and improved conditions of working and living.—New York World.

Labor Loses.

The South Australian legislative council elections ended in a defeat for the labor candidates, only one of the number (four) who stood for election being returned. The successful one is Robert S. Guthrie, secretary of the Adelaide branch of the Seamen's union. The property qualification in the electoral law under which the council elections are conducted is responsible for the defeat of the labor candidates in South Australia.

VALUE OF SLOW PAYERS.

They Give Collectors and Accountants a Reason For Existence.

The conversation had turned on bills.

"To pay as you go is all very well in theory, but it won't work out in practice," observed Bolton.

"It's like the theory of money saving. According to theory, every worker should lay aside a good portion of his earnings until he acquires a competence. Now, suppose that every wage earner in the land should do that. How much money would anybody have? With a per capita circulation of about $20, the ordinary man with a wife and three children could put by $100, and there he would have to quit.

"Don't you know a universal policy of saving would make hard times in any year? It is a moral obligation upon every member of society to live according to his means. If a man doesn't eat enough, he works a hardship upon the butcher and baker. If he doesn't wear enough, he is making hard times for the tailor and the haberdasher.

"I figure it that the poorest citizen that we have is the man who has reduced his wants to the lowest necessities and who tucks away the biggest part of his salary into a savings bank.

"To an extent the cash customer is as much to blame.

"For instance, I'm dunned occasionally by a collector. Is that anything reprehensible? Well, I should say not. Right next door to me is a collector for a big company, with a pleasant little wife and two fine children. Suppose everybody began to pay his debts without dunning? That man would be out of a job before night. If I should owe that corporation anything and should go voluntarily and pay it at the company's office, I'd feel as if I was taking bread out of that family's mouths.

"Then think of the bookkeepers and accountants who are dependent upon the debtor for a living. If cash was paid on the nail always, how many of them would have anything to do?

"Anyhow it doesn't pay to give up cash too easy. A tailor doesn't take half the interest in pressing a suit that has been paid for that he does in pressing one which he has a half interest in. It isn't natural that he should.

"Who gets the little present from the grocer when he pays up a bill? Not the cash customer—not on your life! It's the fellow whom the grocer has waited on until he's tickled to death to get his money.

"Spend freely on credit and pay up when you have to. You'll get more for your money and will lose less in wrecked banks."

Some one admitted that the point of view was everything.

"Everything? I should say so. Why is it that an honest, peaceable citizen is always clubbed by a policeman if there's half a chance for it? Simply because he's the worst enemy of the police force. If every man was like him, there wouldn't be any police."

It is a funny world.—Chicago Record.

A Story of Nelson.

Captain Mahan, in his "Life of Nelson," tells the following story of the great sailor: The fleet letters had just been sent off when Nelson saw a midshipman come up and speak to Lieutenant Pasco, the signal officer, who, upon hearing what was said, stamped his foot in evident vexation and uttered an exclamation. The admiral called him and asked what was the matter. "Nothing that need trouble your lordship," was the reply. "You are not the man to lose your temper for nothing," rejoined Nelson. "What was it?" "Well, if you must know, my lord, I will tell you. You see that coxswain?" pointing to one of the most exacting of the petty officers. "We have not a better man on board the Victoria, and the message which put me out was this: I was told that he was so busy receiving and getting off the mail bags that he forgot to drop his own letter into one of them, and he has just discovered it in his pocket." "Hoist the signal to bring her back," was Nelson's instant command. "Who knows that he may not fall in action tomorrow? His letter shall go with the rest." And the dispatch vessel was brought back for that alone.

How Lions Hunt.

Lions often seek prey in family parties, each party frequently being led by a lion so old as to be himself incapacitated from taking active part in the hunt. It is his business to go to the windward of the group of animals which it is the desire to attack. As soon as they get the scent they rush, terrified, down the wind, only to fall easy victims to the active hunters.

Why the Busy Ones Don't Do It.

"I wonder why so few people ever succeed in keeping a diary?"

"Well, you see, the only ones who have the time haven't anything to write about."—Chicago Journal.

LIMA, WED., AUGUST 18.

REFLEX OF THE REALITY AND ROMANCE OF

AMERICAN PIONEER HISTORY

ALLIED WITH ALL THE KNOWN HORSEMANSHIP OF PRIMITIVE AND MARTIAL FAME.

BUFFALO BILL'S

WILD WEST

AND

CONGRESS OF ROUGH RIDERS OF THE WORLD.

An exact duplicate, man for man and horse for horse, of the exhibitions given at the Columbian World's Fair at Chicago in 1893, all summer in New York in 1894, and in 500 of the principal cities of Europe and America, to which has been added many

Important and Novel Features

Bringing it strictly up to date, and

ORGANIZED ON THE MOST LAVISH SCALE

. . WITH . .

More Men and More Horses

Than Any Two Exhibitions.

Perfected in all the details and exhibited under the joint direction of the world-acknowledged greatest three managers of vast public exhibitions,

Nate Salsbury, Jas. A. Bailey Col. Wm. F. Cody,

ASSURING TO THE PUBLIC THE PRODUCTION OF

America's National Entertainment

In a colossal manner, equaling if not surpassing the magnificence of massive magnitude at New York, London, Paris, Rome, Vienna, Berlin, Brussels, and the Columbian World's Fair, Chicago. NEW, ENLARGED and AUGMENTED

The Original Wild West

Is utterly unlike anything else in the world.

Read the Array

That Nations Furnish and Races are Exhausted to Complete.

All kinds, all colors, all tongues, all men fraternally mingling in the picturesque racial camp. All born HEREDITARY PRINCES of the SADDLE.

100 : Indian : Warriors

Ogallalla, Brulc, Uncapappa, Sioux, Cheyenne and Arapahoe Tribes.

20 Russian Cossacks of the Caucasus.

50 American Cow Boys.

30 Mexican Vaqueros and Ruralies.

30 South American Gauchos.

50 Western Frontiersmen, Marksmen,

25 Bedouin Arabs,

Detachment of U. S. Cavalry,

Batteries of U. S. Artillery,

Royal Irish-English Lancers,

German Cuirassiers,

ALL UNDER COMMAND OF

COL. W. F. CODY—BUFFALO BILL.

Who will positively appear in person and take part in both the afternoon and evening exhibitions.

The - Last - of - the - Buffalo

Only Herd On Exhibition.

This Enormous Outfit is Transported In

Special Railroad Trains

Using its own specially constructed rolling stock, the largest of Traveling Commissary, Dormitory and Equerry Accommodations, complete in every particular, and equaling the requirements of the modern methods of moving

A Fully Equipped Army in Time of War.

Carry all the Pharaphernalia Necessary to

A Covered Grand Stand, Seating 20,000 Persons,

Assuring Perfect Protection from Sun or Rain.

So organized and arranged as to camp close to the city in an easily accessible location. On the first day of arrival there will be given

A Free Street Cavalcade

At 10 A. M., by detailed detachments from each division (Wild Horses, Buffalo, Cattle, etc., being necessarily guarded in camp). "So that he who runs may read." The march will be enlivened by

Three Magnificent Bands of Music

Led by the Famed, World-Traveled

BUFFALO BILL'S COWBOY BAND.

At night, a Brilliant Electric Display by the Largest Portable Double Electric Plant of 250,000 candle power yet constructed for any similar purpose. Two circuits ensuring a perfectly reliable illumination, making night as light as day.

TWO EXHIBITIONS DAILY, RAIN OR SHINE

Afternoon at 2 o'clock; Night at 8 o'clock. Doors Open One Hour Earlier.

NIGHT AS LIGHT AS DAY AND AS COMPLETE IN DETAIL

GENERAL ADMISSION, 50c. CHILDREN UNDER 9 YEARS, 25c.

Numbered coupon, actually reserved seats, will be sold on the day of exhibition at Melville's Drug Store, corner High and Main Sts.

BICYCLES CHECKED ON GROUNDS.

NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®

The foundation in most cases of child's inferiority is that physical weakness or disease of the mother. The wife and mother ought to be the most cheerful woman in the world, but her happiness is destroyed by the presence of the secret sickness that may lurk like a grim spectre of death among the most luxurious homes. The most terrible thing about this condition of affairs is that it is entirely needless. There is no reason in the world why every woman in the world should not be strong and healthful and capable of fulfilling her honorable duty as a wife and mother. Many women go on month after month and year after year becoming weaker and weaker, because of a very natural hesitancy they feel in consulting a physician. They know that if they go to a doctor for treatment the first thing he will insist on will be "examination" and "local treatment." This must of course be distasteful to every modest woman. They are generally as unnecessary as they are abhorrent. Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription cures positively, perfectly, permanently, all varieties of "female weakness" and disease. It is designed to do this one thing and it does it. It is the only medicine now before the public for woman's peculiar ailments, adapted to her delicate organization by a regularly graduated physician—an experienced and skilled specialist in these maladies. It cannot do harm in any condition of the system. Its sales exceed the combined sales of all other medicines for women.

Every woman will be healthier and happier for following the free, plain, practical counsel contained in Dr. Pierce's great universal doctor book, "The People's Common Sense Medical Adviser." It is the most comprehensive medical work in one volume in the English language. It contains 1008 pages, fully illustrated. 680,000 copies have been sold at $1.50 each, bound in cloth. The profits are now used in printing half a million *free* copies, bound in strong manilla paper covers. To get one you have only to send 21 one-cent stamps to pay cost of mailing only, to World's Dispensary Medical Association, No. 663 Main Street, Buffalo, N. Y. Send promptly before all are given away, if in want of one. They are going off rapidly.

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WITCH HAZEL

OIL

CURES

- Piles or Hemorrhoids
- Fissures & Fistulas
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- Boils & Tumors
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- Salt Rheum & Tetters
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Three Sizes, 25c, 50c and $1.00

Sold by druggists, or sent post paid on receipt of price.

HUMPHREYS' MED. CO. 111 & 113 Fulton St., New York.

A Handsome Complexion is one of the greatest charms a woman can possess. PozzoNI'S COMPLEXION POWDER gives it.

KEEP HEALTHY

And Use the

$2.50 KELLY SHOWER BATH RING AND Hot Water Proof Hose

Prevents Wetting the Head and Floor

$2 EXPRESS PAID 25c.

Agents wanted in every city who can purchase dozen lots or more. Send for catalogue. Frost Proof Water Closets, Self Acting Water Closets, Kelley Stop and Water Cock.

THOS. KELLY & BROS.,

209 Madison Street, Chicago.

He Could Dodge.

"There's nothing slow about Jones," he said, reflectively.

The other laughed scornfully.

"I guess you never loaned him any money," he said.

"Oh, yes, I have," replied the first speaker. "That's what made me speak that way. I loaned him $10 six months ago and I haven't been able to catch him since." *Chicago Post.*

"I always recommend Foley's Honey and Tar. Extract of Wild Strawberry in cases of summer complaints and have never known it to fail. You may use my name." C. A. Weyl, druggist, Reinsbourgh, O.

Primative Reformation

"Good day, my dear," said Adam, as he came home one evening, after a hard day's work in Paradise. "I see you have been at your own dressmaker—eve."

"Yes," returned Eve with a smile, "I have just turned over a new leaf."

And even the sun stood still.—*New York Evening Journal.*

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

YOU ought to know that when suffering from any kidney trouble that a safe sure remedy is Foley's Kidney Cure. Guaranteed or money refunded. H. F. Vortkamp, n. e. cor. Main and North sts.

AMONG THE MOUNTAINS

[illegible]

JOHNSON'S ROMANCE.

Dear old Johnson! Whenever I think of him I realize that he was one of the true, good hearted fellows we only meet with here and there in the world, and not too often.

His name, by the way, was not Johnson, but it will answer all the purposes of my story to call him so.

It was a name handed down through many a generation of noble ancestors that he carried across the channel when he was nearing 50 years of age, together with the very small remnant of fortune which remained after one of his friends had swindled him.

Johnson was exactly the person to be swindled. His trustful, generous heart made him an easy prey.

"I don't like leaving my native land," he said to me a day or so before his departure, "but the fact is I can no longer afford to live in England, so I must avail myself of the inexpensive continental style of existence. I am bound for Paris, which, after all, will not be going very far away."

Johnson had been living abroad for more than a year when I decided that it was about time I was looking him up.

He was not good at correspondence, neither was I.

We exchanged occasional letters which seemed to be full of nothing, so I wanted to see with my own eyes how he was bearing his changed fortunes.

It was in the small "entresol" of one of the tall houses of the old Latin quarter of the capital that I found my friend established.

He declared that he was very jolly, but I did not believe him. It was only a sort of dogged determination to look on the sunny side of things in general that made him say so.

How could a man no longer in his first youth be "jolly" in a stuffy little lodging where his head almost touched the ceiling and where his frugal meals were sent in by a "traiteur"?

Johnson was just the fellow who ought to be the head of an affluent British household, with sons and daughters growing up around him. Or he should have been a wealthy bachelor uncle, absolutely adored by a large contingent of nephews and nieces. Solitude did not seem the proper setting for him.

However, he had for his motto, "Whatever is, is best," trotted me about Paris with an air of part ownership which was infinitely comic—in fact did his level best to make my fortnight's stay a pleasant one.

He would have insisted on giving me up his bed and migrating to an unkept attic on the fifth floor, but I would not hear of it.

I was obliged to pretend that I should certainly suffocate in the small closet he dignified by the title of "chambre a coucher," and that I had engaged quarters at one of the nearest hotels on my way from the railway station and before I found him out.

Though we had known each other during a good many years, it was only when my stay in Paris drew very near its close that Johnson one evening became confidential.

I am not very likely to forget that evening, either, for I had come out rather sick and decidedly shuddering from visiting the morgue.

Declaring it to be one of the sights of the city, which a strong nerved man ought to see once in his life, I had prevailed on Johnson to accompany me.

A group of excited women and a man or two were standing by the entrance. They told us that the body of a girl—a young girl, they said—had been carried in not long before. She had been found floating [illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible] was [illegible] was that [illegible]

[illegible] after we had walked some little way and he started in, of a girl who was drowned during his many years ago. For hours I had told you about it, and by [illegible]

I did not question him. The little romance of his life came out quite naturally as we sat together in the stuffy "entresol," waiting for dinner.

"I am such a thorough fogy now," remarked Johnson from the depths of the big Voltaire chair into which I had forced him, "that I dare say, Frank, you could hardly imagine me young and fairly good looking."

"You forget," I answered, "that we were both tolerably young when we first made acquaintance. And, in my opinion, you are good looking now."

"Oh, yes, to you, perhaps. But could you imagine me a man with whom a girl—pretty and much sought after—would fall in love? Yet so it was, and I think I shall feel better if I tell you about it this evening."

"Tell me by all means," I said. "I never knew before you were a man with a story."

He smiled rather sadly.

"Who has not a story? Only we do not happen to know it. I don't suppose that we who have failed in life as regards happiness are in the minority. Well, I, too, had my dreams—[illegible] and a home, too.

and shadowy like. They only began to take form when I knew Alice Temple. I have [illegible] but I think it was the [illegible] most, or perhaps the sweetest, that came to her lips when she spoke."

I waited. Presently Johnson went on with his story.

"We were engaged. There was nothing to wait for. I could afford to marry, and Alice had a little money, remember, and I was glad of it. I should hate to have thought of her as one of those of whom the world points as a man who, by marrying, has done well for himself."

"My dear friend," I exclaimed, "no one could ever imagine you hunting after money. I am afraid you have undervalued it all your life and will keep up the habit to the end."

Johnson smiled.

"Perhaps there is something in what you say, perhaps I have been an incautious, oversanguine fellow, but then I have always noticed that if money opens all doors in this world it certainly won't open us the door of heaven. However, I am drifting away from what I meant to tell you—what that dead face of a girl seems to force me to speak of tonight. Alice and I were, as I have said, engaged, the wedding day fixed. We were visiting at the country house of one of her relatives that glorious month of August. One day I went up to London, returning late in the evening. In all the years that have passed I have never forgotten that evening. I can see now in memory the moonlight falling on the trees, its glare—for at the full of the moon it is a cold, hard glare which falls on everything, or so it seems to me—on the white gravel of the avenue leading to the house. Even as the old butler opened the door I saw there was something the matter—a little crowd of panic stricken faces, and then some one caught my arm and tried to pull me away—tried, but failed, for I fought and struggled to shake off the grasp. I knew at once something had happened to Alice Temple."

He paused so long that at last I asked what came next. He started at the sound of my voice.

"I forgot I was telling you about it," he said. "It seemed as though I were going over it all by myself. I often do, though it happened so long ago. What was it? Oh, 'one of those boating accidents,' as people say when they lay down a daily paper, complaining of the scarcity of news. Alice had been boating. There was an upset; no one hurt of all the party except—well, they had just brought her in, and as I fought myself free of my well meaning friend it was on the white, still face and long, drenched hair of my dead love that my eyes rested. I have never forgotten that sight, never forgotten her in all the years of days and nights which have gone by since then. Strange I have never talked of it? But then we never do talk of what we feel most deeply. Yet tonight that poor girl—I dare say she was not a very good girl, but heaven is more merciful than man and takes account of all the despair and misery which go before self destruction—reminded me of Alice, who was to have been my wife, of the happiness I wanted, yet was refused, and it has unmanned me. I'll talk of Paris and by [illegible] feel better. Perhaps, who knows, in some future existence our disappointments will all be made up to us. At any rate that is one of my pet beliefs.

"You think that in some future world and Alice Temple will be together?" I asked rather sceptically.

"I don't put things into form and shape. I simply believe that I and all who have loved in this world, shall have happiness. Now let us talk no more of it for here comes dinner."

As dear old Johnson bowed his head to say grace, for he reverently observed the practices taught him in his childhood, his voice trembled, and when he looked up again and raised the cover of the little soup tureen for the preliminary duties of hospitality I saw, and pretended not to see, that there were tears shining in his eyes.—Exchange.

How Chewing Gum Is Made.

A walk through a leading chewing gum factory is interesting. Here over 1,000,000,000 pieces of gum are annually produced and shipped to every portion of the world. Three hundred employees are engaged in the manufacture of the gum, the first step of which is the importation of the raw chicle, which is gathered by the peons in Mexico and exported in bales containing about 150 pounds each.

The gum is taken from the bales and chopped into small pieces. These are treed from tree bark and chips by steaming and picking. Then it is ground in mills making 4,000 revolutions a minute. The ground gum is subjected to a continuous heat of 140 degrees F. in drying rooms. From here the gum is sent to the "white aproned cook," who adds the purest sugar and the freshest cream, granulated pepsin, powdered gum or kola or other desired ingredient to it and cooks it in a steam jacketed caldron, where it is turned and mixed by an ingenious double acting beater or rotating paddle until it has assumed the consistency of bread dough.

Now the "dough boys" take hold of it and knead it in finely powdered sugar, passing it to the "rollers," where it is rolled between steel rollers until it is of the proper thickness when it is sliced away to the "finishers." The finishers are steel knived rollers which leave their impress upon the long sheets of appetizing gum before it goes to the "seasoning room," after which it is broken on the lines left by the finishers. Now the gum finds its way to the "wrapping room." The nimble fingers of 150 girls work [illegible] Under their deft touch [illegible] tinfoil, [illegible] gum quickly [illegible] money of the 500 who [illegible] or prepared for immediate consumption [illegible] conditions simulated but purchasers alive unknown.

THE VOLUNTEERS WIN.

Question of Precedence Decided Against Army Officers.

An echo of the war with Spain came yesterday, which led to much correspondence between the state, war and navy departments, involving questions of diplomatic etiquette, court procedure and matters of precedence in official ceremonies, to be finally adjusted by the attorney general, touching the respective rights of volunteer and regular army and navy officers to wear the uniforms of the highest rank which they attained during the rebellion. Colonel John F. McCook, who represented the United States army, and Captain G. H. Wadleigh, the representative of the United States navy at the coronation, had some difficulty over the question of precedence, growing out of the fact that McCook claimed the lead by virtue of his high volunteer rank, as shown by the uniform. Minister Breckinridge submitted the army officer, and the state department was obliged to call upon the war and navy departments for their construction of the statute granting officers the right to bear the rank and wear the uniform of their highest volunteer rank.

The direct issue was presented in a recent application of James T. Farrell, brevet major of the United States volunteers and late captain of the Fifth New York artillery. The two departments were unable to agree upon the matter, and it was referred to the attorney general. The latter has decided that only ex officers may wear such uniforms and bear such rank. In other words, no officer at present on the army rolls can wear the uniform of the volunteer rank, but persons who were honorably mustered out of the volunteer service and who have no army connection now may wear it on occasions of ceremony.

This is in line with former construction given to the law by the war department, but it appeared that the practice was about to be reversed, which would have been a severe blow to many thousands of volunteer officers.—Chicago Record.

SHIELDS FOR WARSHIPS

Most Graceful Devices Ever Displayed Such Vessels.

The artistic work of the navy department in designing shields for the bow of the new warships has produced some of the most graceful devices ever displayed upon modern ships of war. All the new ships now are decorated on their gangways with highly artistic scrollwork, sometimes beautifully carved in solid oak, but more frequently in brass. These are the designs of an expert in the construction bureau at Washington and display talent of a high order.

In the wardrooms and cabins are similar carvings, emblematic of the state or city from which the vessel takes her name. On all the new ships of the navy the American shield has displaced as a figurehead the designs carried on the older vessels. This is carved out of solid brass, with the stars and stripes and the shield proper fitted close around the slender bow, while scrollwork extends backward on either side for a distance of four or five feet. The New York, the Minneapolis and the Philadelphia have possibly the most elaborate designs, some having cost $4,000 or $5,000 each.—New York Tribune.

A Dog of Royal Degree.

A real blooded Chinese dog, such as, it is said, has never before been without the walls of the palace of the emperor of China, arrived at Tacoma recently on the steamer Pelican from Tien-tsin, China. The dog is of the species known as the Peking pug, which is kept exclusively within the emperor's harem at Peking. It was bought at Tien-tsin from a Chinese servant, who stole it from the royal gardens. The dog is a natural pet and an ideal house canine. Its body is long in proportion to its legs. The legs appear to be double jointed at the knees. It is said that were it known where the dog has gone the man who stole it would surely lose his head.—San Francisco Chronicle.

Applause He Did Not Desire.

A Bangor (Me.) drummer recently saw a woman enter the train at North Bucksport and rush through the car just as it was getting speedy. He coolly walked after her and just before the fatal leap grasped her firmly to his manly bosom. She struggled, but he only tightened his grip, saying, "Madam, you shan't jump off the cars and kill yourself!" When she got her breath, she shrieked, "You big fool, I was only going out on the platform to wave my handkerchief to my friends!" A party of Bangor yachtsmen aboard the train applauded the drummer for his heroism full half an hour and at intervals thereafter.—Springfield Republican.

Berries and Appendicitis.

The appendicitis scare has struck Wayne county, N. Y., and berries are a drug on the market. Merchants cannot dispose of berries, and farmers, being forced to hawk their products from house to house, experience great difficulty in selling them. Everything in the line of sickness above toothache is called appendicitis, and all deaths are credited to the berry seeds. Farmers are forced either to evaporate their berries or convert them into wine, thus depriving them of ready cash, which berries usually are depended upon to bring at this time of the year. Housewives are refraining from canning raspberries and blackberries.—New York Sun.

Beauty Was Fatal to Her.

Because a drop of carbolic acid made a black spot on the face of pretty Laura Merkins of Stratford, Ont., and marred the beauty of which she was so proud, she recently committed suicide by taking a dose of paris green. Laura was 22 years of age and worked at the Cardigan overall factory, but on account of sickness at home had been unable to attend to her work. Worry and bad health are supposed to have unhinged her mind.—New York Telegram.

AN OPEN LETTER To MOTHERS

WE ARE ASSERTING IN THE COURTS OUR RIGHT TO THE EXCLUSIVE USE OF THE WORD "CASTORIA," AND "PITCHER'S CASTORIA," AS OUR TRADE MARK.

I, DR. SAMUEL PITCHER, *of Hyannis, Massachusetts, was the originator of* "PITCHER'S CASTORIA," *the same that has borne and does now* [signature] *on every bear the fac-simile signature of* [signature] *wrapper. This is the original* "PITCHER'S CASTORIA," *which has been used in the homes of the Mothers of America for over thirty years.* LOOK CAREFULLY *at the wrapper and see that it is the kind you have always bought* [signature] *on the and has the signature of* [signature] *wrapper. No one has authority from me to use my name except The Centaur Company of which Chas. H. Fletcher is President.*

March 8, 1897. Samuel Pitcher, M.D.

Do Not Be Deceived.

Do not endanger the life of your child by accepting a cheap substitute which some druggist may offer you (because he makes a few more pennies on it), the ingredients of which *even he* does not know.

"The Kind You Have Always Bought"

BEARS THE FAC-SIMILE SIGNATURE OF

Chas. H. Fletcher.

Insist on Having The Kind That Never Failed You.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

Precisely Described

"I was afraid he wouldn't get along very well," said the eastern man.

"He prospered purty fast fur awhile," replied Derringer Dan.

"But wasn't he rather nervous and high strung?"

"Yes," was the melancholy answer: "the last I heard of him from a member of the vigilance committee, that's exactly what he were."—*Washington Star.*

'Tis Midnight!

Hark! All through the house rings the awful sound, once heard never forgotten, the sound of a child's croup cough. There is no time to lose. Croup is a monster that will not be trifled with. Then is the time that if you have neglected to provide yourself with a bottle of Dr. Hand's Cough and Croup Medicine you fully realize how careless and neglectful you have been. It is worth its weight in gold at that critical moment. And yet it costs only 25c a bottle at any drug store.

MY BOOKS.

These are my books.—Barton old,
A land where cold is almost he cold;
Its polished floors of red or blue
A rare old Persian or two
And down on cloth dim green and gold.

A Persian girl for I sold
To buy a Stradivarius old,
To try as with the bow
These are my books.

What though a fare unkind hath doled
But favors few to me, yet hold
My little wealth abroad I strew
To purchase acquisitions new
And say by love of them controlled,
"These are my books!"
—Nathan M. Levy in New York Times.

One Way to be Happy

Is at all times to attend to the comfort of your family. Should one catch a Cold or Cough, call at once on Wm. Melville, old postoffice corner, sole agent, and get a trial bottle of Otto's Cure, the great German Remedy, Free. We give it away to prove that we have a sure cure for Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Consumption, and all diseases of the Throat and Lungs. Large sizes 50c and 25c.

When You Take Your Vacation

The most necessary article to have with you (after your pocket book) is a bottle of Foley's Colic and Diarrhœa Cure. It is an absolute prevention or cure of all derangements of the bowels caused by a change of water.

You are likely to need it.

H. F. Vortkamp, n. e. cor. Main and North sts.

The Duke of Richmond's house at Goodwood, with its two wings, measures 378 feet and gives employment to over 60 domestics.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

Hot Weather Rules.

In warm weather bowel complaints frequently result from over eating or over drinking. Foley's Colic and Diarrhœa Cure affords perfect protection from all bowel derangements and is guaranteed. H. F. Vortkamp, n. e. cor. Main and North sts.

Pittsb'gh, Ft. Wayne & Chicago Div.

Pennsylvania Lines.

Schedule of Passenger Trains—Central Time.

Westward.		6	15	3	39	7
		AM	PM	PM	AM	PM
Pittsb'gh	lv	*7 00	*[illegible]	*[illegible]		
Alliance	ar	9 50	[illegible]	[illegible]		
Canton	lv	10 26	[illegible]	5 20		
Massillon	"	10 38	[illegible]	5 40		
Wooster	"	11 18	10 [illegible]	6 21		
Mansfield	"	12 [illegible]	11 [illegible]	7 15		
Crestline	ar	12 [illegible]	11 [illegible]	8 [illegible]		
	lv	12 [illegible]	12 05	PM	†6 20	*1 45
Robinson	"				6 32	1 [illegible]
Bucyrus	"	1 16	12 26		6 45	2 [illegible]
Nevada	"				7 03	2 [illegible]
U. Sandusky	"	1 41	12 50		7 18	2 [illegible]
Kirby	"				7 47	3 [illegible]
Forest	"		1 10		8 00	3 [illegible]
Dunkirk	"				8 15	3 [illegible]
Washington	"				8 32	3 [illegible]
Ada	"		1 34		8 54	3 19
Lafayette	"				9 05	3 28
Lima	"	2 50	2 00		9 20	3 44
Elida	"				9 35	3 59
Delphos	"	3 14	2 24		9 50	4 11
Middlepoint	"				10 08	4 21
Van Wert	"	3 34	2 44		10 17	4 33
Convoy	"				10 33	4 47
Dixon	"				10 43	4 56
Monroeville	"				10 51	5 05
Maples	"				11 01	5 13
Adams	"				11 09	
Ft. Wayne	ar	6 45	3 35		11 20	5 30
Warsaw	"	5 31	4 46		1 [illegible]	6 51
Plymouth	"	6 06	5 20		1 55	7 33
Valparaiso	"	7 22	6 33		3 10	8 31
Chicago	ar	9 00	8 00		4 55	9 55
		PM	AM		PM	PM

Eastward		20	6	4	8	28
		AM	PM	PM	AM	PM
Chicago	lv	†7 30	3 00	*11 30	*2 45	5 40
Valparaiso	"	9 15	4 32	1 35	4 01	7 21
Plymouth	"	10 38	5 45	2 58	5 00	8 [illegible]
Warsaw	"	11 30	6 26	3 56	5 39	9 [illegible]
Ft. Wayne	"	12 10	7 45	5 40	7 00	11 45
Adams	"	12 [illegible]				PM
Maples	"	1 31	[illegible]	†6 00		
Monroeville	"	1 42	8 13	6 12		
Dixon	"	1 50	[illegible]	†6 20		
Convoy	"	2 01	[illegible]	6 31		
Van Wert	"	2 18	8 43	6 46		
Middlepoint	"	2 33		7 01		
Delphos	"	2 45	9 05	7 13		
Elida	"	3 01		7 30		
Lima	"	3 15	9 30	7 45	8 30	
Lafayette	"	3 33		8 05		
Ada	"	3 48	10 00	8 18	8 54	
Washing'n	"	†4 01		†8 32		
Dunkirk	"	4 06		8 38		
Forest	"	4 18	10 26	8 51		
Kirby	"	4 26		9 01		
U. Sandusky	"	4 42	10 46	9 15	9 43	
Nevada	"	5 01		9 36		
Bucyrus	"	5 12	11 18	9 55	10 09	
Robinson	"	5 34		10 10		32
Crestline	ar	5 50	11 45	10 25	10 35	AM
	lv	5 10	11 55	10 35	10 50	1 45
Mansfield	"	6 [illegible]	12 20	11 00	11 15	5 10
Wooster	"	6 [illegible]	1 30	12 14	12 42	6 20
Massillon	"	6 [illegible]	2 18	1 03	1 46	7 11
Canton	"	6 [illegible]	2 34	1 21	2 05	7 30
Alliance	ar	10 05	3 10	1 55	2 45	8 10
Pittsb'gh	ar	1 15	5 50	5 10	5 45	11 15
		AM	AM	PM	PM	AM

Pullman sleeping cars are run on Nos. 6 and 8. Nos. 4, 6, 8 and 20 connect in Union Station, Pittsburgh, with through trains for Washington, Philadelphia and New York. Nos. 6 and 8 connect in Union Station, Pittsburgh, with through trains for Washington, Philadelphia and New York. Dark Faced type denotes Daylight. Daily. Except Sundays. Flag Stop. Meals.

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DR. MOTT'S PENNYROYAL PILLS

The only safe, sure and reliable Female Pills offered to Ladies. Especially recommended to married Ladies. Ask for DR. MOTT'S PENNYROYAL PILLS and take no other. SEND FOR CIRCULAR. Price $1.00 per box, 6 boxes for $5. DR. MOTT'S CHEMICAL CO., Cleveland, O.

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NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®

Ladies' Underwear Reduced.

A bargain is doubly a bargain when it comes in the nick of time. The onward sweep of this business requires quick changes of stock and the clearance of every straggling lot. For our purposes these lots of women's Underwear must change owners.

The Metellus Thomson Dry Goods Co.

Stores 233-235 North Main Street, Lima, O.

Ladies' Summer Underwear.

All Ladies' Egyptian Vests, whose former price was 15 cents, have been reduced to 10 cents.

All Ladies' Egyptian Vests, whose regular price was 18 cents, have been reduced to 12½ cents.

All 25 cent Balbriggan Vests now 18 cents.

All 50 cent Balbriggan Vests now 35 cents.

Men's heavy Ribbed Balbriggan Underwear, shirts and Drawers, have been reduced to 20 cents.

Ladies' Shirt Waists.

Special price reductions on every Shirt Waist in the store.

All Waists on table No. 1, (worth up to 75c) **35c**

All Waists on table No. 2, (worth up to $1.25) **79c**

All Waists on table No. 3, (worth up to $1 75) **98c**

All Waists on table No. 4, (regardless of former price) **$1 48**

Price Reductions at The Metellus Thomson Dry Goods Co.,

Stores 233-235 North Main St., Lima, O

Toilet Soaps.

Nancy Buttermilk Soap, 3 cakes for 5 cents.

Madame Ayers Complexion Soap, 3 cakes for 10 cents.

Dr. Rauh's Cutaneous Soap, 10 cents a cake, worth 25 cents

Fine French Heliotrope Soap, 10 cents a cake.

Shirt Waist Sets.

All 25 cent Shirt Waist Sets now 15 cents

All 50 cent Shirt Waist Sets now 25 cents.

Knitting Silks 10 cents a spool, worth 25 cents

Ladies' Fine Black Silk Mitts reduced to 15 and 19 cents.

Seamless Sanitaire Dress Shields 5 cents.

All our 15 cent Organdie and Lawn Linings in colors, reduced to 8 cents.

The Metellus Thomson Dry Goods Co.,

20 PERSONS

Met in the Assembly Room this Afternoon

JIM PHALEN'S CONVENTION

Was the Magnet Which Attracted Them—Only Middle of the Road Men Recognized—Delegates to State Convention Selected.

Twenty persons met in the assembly room this afternoon, at 1 30, to place in nomination a Populist county ticket. Jim Phalen called the meeting to order and stated the object of the meeting. D. J. Dannaher was elected chairman, and a Mr. Henly was nominated for secretary. He declined the honor and pushed a Mr. Carlton into the breach. Carlton in his turn declined because he was a cripple, and nominated L. W. Jackson. Jackson declined because he could not see, and the crown was pushed to Adolphus Long, who did not thrust it aside.

On motion the temporary organization was made permanent, and Jim Phalen moved that they proceed to place in nomination a county ticket.

L. B. Phalen and John Greer were presented for representative. Phalen withdrew and Greer was nominated.

Jim Phalen then presented the name of G. H. Down, of Lima, for treasurer. The nomination was seconded by L. B. Phalen.

At this juncture it was discovered that there had been no resolutions adopted and on motion of Jim Phalen a committee consisting of L. B. Phalen, William Tierney and Jim Van Horn was appointed to draft resolutions. Tierney declined to serve and J. R. Hance was substituted.

Resolutions were adopted endorsing the platform adopted at Omaha in 1892, and also the resolutions adopted by the recent middle of the road populists in convention at Chattanooga, July 5th. The resolutions also opposed any fusion with any party.

Jim Phalen moved to select delegates to the state convention, to be held at Columbus, August 10 and 11. The following persons were selected: William Turner, Lawrence B. Phalen and Robert Sutton, Spencerville; Jas. F. Van Horn, James Phalen and Jos. Harbison, Spencer township. Grant Miller, Amanda township: J. R. Hance, Spencer township: John Miller, Amanda township; A. S. Long, Lima; Austin Hance, J. H. Reddic, Spencer township; William Riley, Irwin. Engle, William High, C. McAuliffe,

The following executive committee was chosen. John Culver, Amanda township; Jos. Reddick, Spencer township; James Phalen, Lima; Irwin Engle, Perry township; James Van Horn, Lima.

The executive committee was empowered to fill any vacancies that might occur on the ticket.

The remainder of the ticket was then nominated as follows: For sheriff, I. N. Baber, Amanda tp.; commissioner, J. R. Hance, Amanda; surveyor, O. A. Quinn, Lima: coroner, Frank Shobe, Amanda; infirmary director, William Tierney, Lima

WANT DR. DAVIES TO REMAIN

Permanent Call Extended to First Congregational Pastor.

A Springfield, Ill., paper of a recent date contains the following article relative to Rev. J. Francis Davies, formerly of Lima

A largely attended called business meeting of the First Congregational Church was held last night at the close of the prayer meeting. A resolution was presented and unanimously adopted by a rising vote, extending the pastor, the Rev. John F. Davies, D. D., LL. D., whose first year expires July 1, an earnest invitation to remain as the permanent pastor of the church. The resolution also provided that arrangements should be made for Dr. Davies' installation as permanent pastor at such time as may suit his convenience, and it will probably take place early in the fall, after the summer holidays. Dr. Davies, by his scholarly and eloquent discourses and his earnestness and faithfulness as a Christian minister, has won the admiration, esteem and confidence of the church membership and of a large circle of the most cultured people of the community. The attendance upon the Sunday services has been largely increased during the past year, the audience room being frequently crowded to overflowing at the Sunday evening lectures. The interest which has been awakened has been bearing fruit, and on last Sunday there were twelve additions to the church membership, and others will be admitted to membership next Sunday. It will, therefore, be a matter for public congratulation that the First Congregational Church has wisely decided to fix Dr. Davies in Springfield as one of the permanent additions to the cultured, scholarly ministry of the capital city of the empire state of the west.

Attend the grand opening of the Burnet House bowling alleys, this evening. Fine lunch served. 3 2t

Have Your Teeth

filled by Dr. Chase. Office open evenings till 8 o'clock. Metropolitan w8t

IT IS DISCREDITED

This Bellefontaine Rumor of a New Organization

TO BUILD THE C., L. & M.

On the Contrary it is Claimed that B. C. Faurot, Father of the Scheme, Will Build the Road from Lima to Defiance This Fall

The following dispatch from Bellefontaine appeared in the Cincinnati *Enquirer* to-day

"The Lima Northern railroad, from Columbus to Chicago, on which work has been commenced several times, only to be abandoned, seems to be taking on a new lease of life. New articles of incorporation have been prepared and forwarded to Columbus. Some of our leading business men are among the incorporators. It is the purpose to secure, if possible, the control of the old roadbed, and to push a line of railway from the Atlantic coast clear through to Chicago via the lake.

"It is said that there is an abundance of money behind it and plenty of capital in sight for the work just as soon as the arrangements for the control of the old line can be made."

B. C. Faurot being out of the city, the above dispatch was shown to his attorney this morning, for it is evident that the correspondent had reference to the Columbus, Lima & Milwaukee road instead of the Lima Northern road, as the latter has already been constructed. The attorney states that he had never before heard of the connection of any Bellefontaine parties with the scheme to build the road and had no knowledge of any new movement being started to take possession of the C., L. & M. right of way and road bed. However, Mr. Faurot has never abandoned the C., L. & M. project, but expects, or at least claims that the road will be constructed from here to Defiance this fall.

At a meeting held at Waynesfield Wednesday night, in the interest of the projected Lima and Bellefontaine electric road, H. P. Williamson, of this city, delivered an argument in behalf of Mr. Faurot's C., L. & M. scheme, and it is quite probable that the Bellefontaine rumor grew out of this. The Waynesfield *Chronicle* makes the following mention of Mr. Williamson's speech:

"H. P. Williamson, of Lima, being present, was called out, and, to the surprise of some, presented the disadvantages of an electric road, holding up the superior advantages of a steam road, and especially the C., L. & M., which he said would be built inside of eighteen months. He said that the road would be finished from Lima to Defiance this fall, and if proper encouragement was given, the rest of the line from Lima to Columbus would be built next year.

The C., L. & M. has sufficient pledges already to justify the building of the road, if they are not outlawed, and as to that there are differences of opinion. Waynesfield will

Continued on Fifth Page.

A BIG ROOM

Will be the Store Room of Metellus Thomson & Co. When Addition is Completed.

The masons have begun work on the new addition to the rear of the store occupied by the Metellus Thomson Dry Goods Store The addition, when completed, will be 60 by 45 feet in the interior It will be one story and will have a glass roof, thus giving the rear part of the store room a brilliant light. Mr. Shrader expects the building to be completed within a couple of weeks. This room will be the largest store room in the city.

TALES OF THE TOWN.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. Grant Beck, of south Pine street, a daughter.

The work of overhauling the interior of Faurot's opera house is progressing rapidly and will be completed next week.

J. F. Stewart, of the Northwestern University, will speak at the Y. M. C. A. Sunday afternoon, and Miss Blanche Numan will sing.

Wallace W. Smith and wife wish to publicly thank their friends and neighbors who assisted them during the illness and after the death of their little son, Harry C. Smith.

Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Parish wish to thank those who assisted them in saving their belongings during the burning of the dwelling in which they lived on east Vine street, a few evenings ago.

The funeral services of Oscar the two year-old son of Mr and Mrs August Hinkeldine, were held from the residence, 223 Harrison avenue, at 1 30 o'clock this afternoon, and the remains were interred in Woodlawn cemetery.

The two young fellows from Lima, who have been trying to work the town for a snide decoction known as a powder warranted to kill flies, were forced to leave by the pike, the public being onto what the stuff is made of.—*Marysville Reporter.*

The Lima Real Estate Company Has lots on west High and west North streets. tf

GARDEN PARTIES

Are Now a Popular Form of Entertainment.

A PLEASANT HOME PARTY

Enjoyed by a Quartet of Young Beds—A Few Picnics Enliven the Week—Cooking Club Elects New Officers.

A garden party with all of its delightful features was the entertainment planned by Miss Helen Coss for Tuesday afternoon at 4 o'clock in compliment to her cousin, Miss Millicent Coss, of Crawfordsville, Ind. Thirty-five young ladies in dainty summer toilettes were present, among them being Miss Winsboro, of Allentown, Pa.; Miss Kirby, of Upper Sandusky; Miss Curren, of Delaware, and Miss Caine, of Toledo, During the afternoon a short programme of choice numbers was given·

Piano Solo	Miss Humston
Song	Miss Campbell
Piano Solo	Miss Sargent
Reading	Miss H. Ellis

At six o'clock little tables were spread with dainty linen and garden flowers and all enjoyed a delicious tea under the shady old trees on the lawn.

The cool breeze from Hover's Lake was enjoyed Thursday afternoon and evening by the following young people: Miss Helen Coss and cousin, Miss Millicent Coss, Mrs. Roby and sister, Miss Curren, of Delaware, and friends, Miss Caine, of Toledo, and Miss Kirby, of Upper Sandusky, and Mrs. Harry Moulton, all of whom were the guests of Misses Margaret and Helen Ellis. Trolley cars carried them out. At six o'clock they were joined by the gentlemen of the party: Mr. Roby, Mr. Dildine, Mr. Black, Mr. Laskey, of Toledo; Mr. Moulton, Mr. Crepe, Mr. Van Note and Mr. Holland. The young hostesses had provided a most appetizing supper which all heartily enjoyed, and then they visited the bowling alley and to finish the day attended the vaudeville performance in the evening at the auditorium.

Miss Sabine Carnes will entertain next Tuesday evening a little company in honor of Misses Madge Mitchell and Mildred Townsend, two of her school mates who will soon leave to pursue their studies in other schools.

Mrs. Alexander Miller is visiting her sister, Mrs. Shotwell, near Glendale, Ohio.

Mrs. Macmonies, of west Market street, entertained a few friends on Wednesday evening, the birthday anniversary of her guest, Miss Danney, of Fremont. Miss Norton, of Fremont, is also a guest of Mrs. Macmonies.

The Stay at Homes are having a merry summer, each cool spell causing the young people to plan new forms of amusement The party given by Miss Florence Campbell this morning at eleven o'clock was a dainty breakfast.

Tuesday evening the beautiful home of Miss Gertrude Finley, of south West street, was en fete for a party in compliment to her friend, Miss McClung, of Sidney. Palms and flowers were everywhere, making indoors seem like a garden. Just in time for the dancing a cool breeze came to everyone's delight, making this favorite amusement very enjoyable and good music keeping all on the move. The sparkling contents of the punch bowl were enjoyed at intervals until the dainty supper was served to the forty lads and lassies in attendance.

The Fortnightly Cooking Club met Tuesday and elected the following officers for the coming season President, Miss Laura Reynolds: vice president, Mrs Boyd Douglass; secretary and treasurer, Miss Mildred Rumple.

Mrs. Fountain, of west Spring street, accompanied by her little granddaughter, Lenore Boose, has been visiting Findlay friends this week.

Mrs Maskey, who has been visiting her sister, Mrs. E V. Wells, of north Baxter street, for three weeks, has returned to her home in Gibsonburg

Mr. and Mrs. James B Townsend will next month go to Chicago, where they will place their children in school for the coming year, returning to Lima next summer.

Mrs. Merrit Reichelderfer, of south Baxter street, is in camp with her husband on Johnson's Island, seeing the pleasant side of soldier life.

Miss Bousler, of Steubenville, is the guest of her aunt, Mrs. M. E Sealts, of west Market street.

Among the pleasant gatherings of

(Continued on Fifth Page.)

For Rent.

A new eight room house. It has all modern improvements—bath, interior closet, city water, cistern, large, light cellar, furnace, natural and artificial gas. It is within two minutes' walk of a street car line and within a like distance of the Spring street pavement. Will be ready for occupancy by August 15th. Enquire at once at the TIMES-DEMOCRAT office. tf

Hair Watch Chains.

Switches and wigs made to order First class work guaranteed. 13-tf. PR. ALBERT, Hairdresser.

LIMA'S VICTORY.

The Indians Danced and Yelled Before the Game.

BUT JOY TURNED TO TEARS

When Delehanty Scored in the Sixth—A Close and Well Played Game—Covert Had His Horse Shoe—Roger Had a Great Wing

HOW THEY STAND

	Won	Lost	Per cent
Lima	3	2	.600
St. Marys	3	2	.600
Wapak	2	4	.333
Piqua	2	3	.400

SUNDAY'S GAMES.

Piqua at Lima. St Marys at Wapakoneta.

Murray's men went to Wapakoneta yesterday and defeated the Indians on their own battle ground, thus placing Lima again at the head of the league. The contest was one of the best exhibitions of the national game that was ever witnessed in Wapakoneta. The Indians never once gave up the battle, but fought desperately down to the very last. The crowd was comparatively quiet until the last half of the ninth inning, when even the ladies in the grand stand opened their mouths and screamed and patted their dainty (?) feet on the grand stand floor in order to make enough noise to confuse Roger, but they learned to their sorrow that the "Kid" was not so easily rattled.

Murray's men played a wonderful game. When everything indicated a victory for the Indians, the Lima boys never faltered, but played all the harder and won out under unfavorable circumstances.

Lima, as usual, started with three runs, and did not score again until the fifth, when they tied the Indians' score. The sixth was Lima's lucky inning; the Yellow Kid crossed the plate, placing us in the lead. Do their best, they could not get a man on counting territory after the fourth inning.

Wapak got 12 hits, 9 of which were received before the fifth inning. After that Roger settled down and never pitched more beautiful ball. He was steady and neither gave any man base on balls nor had a wild pitch His arm was strong and at times the ball passed the plate like a shot. Roger plays his position well and is always ready to "back up" a baseman.

LIMA	AB	R	BH	PO	A	E
McCarty, cf	5	1	1	4	0	0
Hunter, rf	5	1	1	0	0	0
Burt, lf	5	0	0	1	0	0
Covert, ss	4	2	2	5	2	0
Delehanty, 3b	4	1	2	0	1	2
Murray, 2b	4	0	2	2	2	0
Machen, 1b	4	0	0	8	0	1
J. Bresnahan, c.	4	0	1	7	2	0
R Bresnahan, p	4	1	1	0	2	1
Totals	39	6	10	27	9	4

WAPAKONETA	AB	R	BH	PO	A	E
Justice, ss	4	2	2	2	5	2
McDonough, 3b	6	1	2	1	4	1
O Guese, c*	5	0	1	3	0	0
Jessup, c	5	0	2	5	1	0
Mann, 1b	5	0	2	14	0	0
Patterson, lf	3	1	0	2	0	0
Poor, rf	4	0	0	0	0	0
Eichler, 2b	4	1	2	1	3	0
Crabill, p	4	0	0	0	1	0
Totals	40	5	12	27	14	3

INNINGS	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9—R
Lima	3	0	2	0	2	1	0	0	0—6
Wapakoneta	1	1	2	1	0	0	0	0	0—5

Earned Runs—Lima 4, Wapak 3. Two base hits—McDonough, Delehanty, Murray. Three base hits—Mann, Hunter. Home run—Covert. Double plays—Murray to Covert to Machen, J. Bresnahan to Covert. Struck out by Crabill 5, Bresnahan 6 Base on balls—Bresnahan 1 Hit by pitcher—Bresnahan 1 Umpire—Rheinhart

FIELDING AVERAGES

	G.	PO.	A	E.	TC	F C
McCarty cf	5	5	1	0	6	1.000
Hunter rf	5	4	0	0	4	1.000
Burt, lf	5	10	0	0	10	1.000
J Bresnahan, c	4	23	3	0	26	1.000
Mackey p	2	1	4	0	5	1.000
Covert p	1	0	1	0	1	1.000
Mackey ss	1	1	4	0	5	1.000
Covert, ss	4	12	1	1	26	.961
Murray, 2b	5	10	11	1	22	.954
Machen, 1b	8	61	2	3	66	.917
Sealts, c	2	9	1	1	11	.909
R Bresnahan, p	2	0	6	1	7	.857
Delehanty	5	6	12	5	23	.782

BATTING AVERAGES.

	G	AB	R	BH	P C
Burt, lf	5	2	4	3	.428
Delehanty, 3b	5	23	6	8	.400
J Bresnahan c	4	14	1	5	.357
McCarty, cf	5	25	6	10	.364

Our Style Is Exclusive!

And worth in itself more than passing consideration Men of particular tastes will do well to investigate our claims—that the additional satisfaction they get from our clothes is really money in their pockets Call and examine our mid-summer bargains.

H. J. LAWLOR,

THE AMERICAN TAILOR,

308 N. Main Street. - Opp. Court House

Hunter, rf	5	25	8	9	.360
Covert ss	5	18	5	[illegible]	.[illegible]
Mackey, p	3	10	1		.[illegible]
Murray, 2b	5	20	1	5	.250
R Bresnahan p	3	9	[illegible]	2	.[illegible]
Machen 1b	5	19	[illegible]	[illegible]	.158
Sealts, c	2	7	1	1	.14[illegible]

Two-base Hits—Burt 3, Hunter 1, Delehanty 3, Murray 3, McCarty 1.
Three base Hits—Hunter 1.
Home Runs—Covert 1.

NOTES.

St. Marys defeated Piqua yesterday by a score of 19 to 8.

"Doc" O'Brien will umpire the game at Wapak to-morrow.

Burt had an off day yesterday From some reason he could not find the sphere.

Lima will play at Wapakoneta Thursday morning instead of this afternoon.

Covert had his horse shoe yesterday. He hit a long fly to the left field fence. The ball bounced and went over the fence, giving him a home run.

Owing to the running races at Wapakoneta next week, the game scheduled here with Wapak for Wednesday, August 11, has been changed to Monday next, August 9.

Mackey witnessed the game yesterday from a buggy It is a question, however, whether he was more interested in the game than he was in the other occupant of the buggy.

The Rosebuds defeated the Neversweat club in a close game—5 to 4 Batteries—Rosebuds, Eddie Gordon, Harper: Neversweat, John Murphy, Kary, Gordon. Murphy's one hand catch was the feature of the game.

Big Clearance Sale.

We don't want to carry any stock over until next spring, and from now on harness and buggies go at ruinous prices.

We have the following stock to select from

25 sets single harness $5 50 and up
10 top buggies $42 50 and up
3 phaetons $50 00 and up
3 Moyer spring road wagons
4 surreys $50 00 and up.
1 open road wagon $27 00

Don't miss this great sale

W. A. GERMANN, Salesman

4 3t eod 63 3t 121 W. High St.

It Will Pay You

to see Jas. Shaughnessy, who has opened a shop in Cherry alley, rear of City building, for all kinds of house and carriage painting, office and store furniture, hard wood finishing. Prices reasonable. 2tm4t

The Lima Real Estate Company Has lots in the Holmes addition, South Lima. tf

Gentlemen!

Here are a few bargains for your special consideration.

Men's light weight Summer Underwear reduced from 25 cts to 19 cts. each. Shirts and Drawers.

Men's extra quality French Balbriggan Shirts and Drawers reduced to 37½ cts each. These would be good value at 50 cts. each and will compare favorably with some sold at 75 cts each.

Men's bleached jean Drawers at 25 and 50 cts. a pair are good values.

We Can Save You Money on Socks.

FELTZ BROS. & CO.,

1st Door South of Court House.

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